STOP TALKING PEACE!

THE WEATHER

Boston and vicinity: Fair, continued cold tonight and Tuesday; fresh north to northwest winds.
Sun rises 6:17, sets 6:17.
Moon sets 7:14 p. m.
High tide 1:18 a. m., 1:39 p. m.
Temperatures (till noon): Maximum, 47 at noon; minimum, 43 at 7 a. m.; average, 45. Temperature at noon, 47.
Light all vehicles at 6:47 p. m.

BOSTON AMERICAN

NEW ENGLAND'S GREATEST HOME NEWSPAPER

FINAL EDITION EXTRA

VOL. 15—No. 170 Registered in U. S. Patent Office BOSTON, MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1918 ONE CENT

STORES TO OPEN AT 10; CLOSE AT 6:15

NO PEACE UNTIL THE KAISER GIVES UP EVERYTHING---LODGE

PEACE TALK NOW IS TREASON!

The person who raises the cry that peace is near, that Germany is beaten and that the war is over is a tool of the Kaiser, a traitor to our cause and a menace to the success of the Liberty Loan. He should be jailed just as Von Rintelen and other German agents have been jailed.

Germany is NOT beaten. The war is NOT over. The Fourth Liberty Loan IS vitally needed. The present German peace drive is camouflage. It has been expected by Allied leaders for months. They have been discounting this latest enemy move. It is the regular German propaganda, bargaining in advance for an easy spot on which to fall.

STORES TO OPEN AT 10 A.M., CLOSE AT 6:15 P. M.

By order of Health Commissioner William C. Woodward today, Boston retail stores will open at 10 a. m. and close at 6:15 p. m., until further notice, beginning tomorrow.

The order followed close upon a report showing a slight increase in the number of deaths from influenza and pneumonia during the three hours ending at noon. In that time forty-two deaths occurred in Boston, an increase of four over the previous day. Influenza claimed forty-four victims and pneumonia eight.

The order specifies retail departments, dry goods, specialty stores, clothing and furniture stores and shops. It declares that the congestion of people at public places and stores constitutes a medium for the spread of the disease.

The hours are practically the same

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS!

WARD OFF GRIP AND PNEUMONIA
Father John's Medicine is a safe preventive.
—Adv.

YANKEES CROSS TO WEST BANK OF THE AIRE

By International News Service.

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 7.—(Noon)—American troops forced their way across to the west bank of the Aire river today and occupied a village which the Germans had evacuated in the face of the fire of the Americans.

After occupying the village the Americans continued to push forward, mounting the slopes of the hill along the bank of the Aire.

American planes aided today in the search for a detachment of Americans lost in the Argonne forest. The aviators dropped baskets containing homing pigeons at the location in the forest where the Americans were last

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

When you pick up the German peace cry and repeat it to your neighbor you are like a parrot that repeats what it hears, regardless of consequences.

Don't be a mere peace parrot. Your individual chatter

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

NEW FRENCH ADVANCE IN ST. QUENTIN SECTOR

London, Oct. 7 (1:05 p. m.).—French troops fighting north of St. Quentin have captured Morcourt, according to information received from the front this afternoon. This capture extends the decisive hold of the French on the eastern bank of the St. Quentin canal. (Morcourt is just south of Tilloy farm, where there was hard fighting all day Sunday.)

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS!

TODAY'S BANK STATEMENT.

Boston bank clearings, $48,538,144.

Boston Sub-Treasury, credit, $302,134.

New York bank clearings, $441,628,879.

New York Sub-Treasury, credit, $2,659,519.

N. E. Loan Total Slumps Badly on Seventh Day

New England slumped badly in her subscription for the seventh day of the "Fighting Fourth" Liberty Loan. A total of but $13,828,000 proved to be the smallest day's total thus far recorded.

The necessary average total of approximately $26,000,000 a day was barely more than half realized.

The addition of the seventh day's figures today brought the grand total up to $181,602,000, or slightly more than 36 per cent. of New England's

Continued on Page 5, Column 1.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS!

GERMAN POLICE CHIEF KILLED AT WARSAW

Amsterdam, Oct. 7.—Dr. Schultze, chief of the German political police at Warsaw, has been killed, the Berlin Tageblatt learns.

BIG ROCK ISLAND ARSENAL MENACED

Rock Island, Ill., Oct. 7.—Fire of unknown origin which attacked a construction camp here today seriously threatened the government's largest arsenal and the greatest quantity of government-owned TNT stored in one place. Due to a strike of Rock Island firemen, the danger of explosion and resultant loss of life and property was greatly enhanced. Fire fighting apparatus was hurried from surrounding cities and the fire was considered under control.

Marshall Field's Gun Battery Smashes Boche Attack

By International News Service.

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 7.—A battery of guns commanded by Lieutenant Marshall Field of the American artillery played an important part in smashing a German counter attack in the sector of Bois Cunel.

The American pieces blazed away at the Boches as fast as the gunners could work them and then laid down a barrage which shattered the assaulting columns. Lieutenant Field's battery was employed near Gesnes, which has been the scene of hard fighting between the Argonne and the Meuse.

COMPLETE SURRENDER, SENATE DEMAND

By International News Service.

Washington, Oct. 7.—An armistice with Germany and Austria now would mean the loss of the war, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Republican leader, declared on the floor of the Senate this afternoon.

The United States will never talk peace with Germany, Lodge declared, until she has evacuated not only all territory she has conquered in this war, but in addition the territory she conquered in 1870.

"The French people, and with them the United States, will never negotiate an armistice with Germany un-

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

SENATE RESOLUTION INSISTS ON SURRENDER

Washington, Oct. 7—A joint resolution putting the Congress of the United States on record as opposed to any peace negotiations or armistice before the German army and navy has surrendered unconditionally was introduced in the Senate this afternoon by Senator McCumber of North Dakota.

Morgenthau's Own Story of German Intrigue in Turkey

Expose of Plotting Most Timely Now

Boston Daily AMERICAN Beginning October 14

SEND THE KAISER INTO EXILE, URGES LABOR SECRETARY WILSON

DEATH TOO GOOD FOR RULER

Cabinet Officer Declares Nothing but Unconditional Surrender Can Bring Peace

New York, Oct. 7.—Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson addressed an audience of 6,000 at the Hippodrome as a feature of the Liberty Loan campaign. During his address on "Labor's Privileges to Participate in the Liberty Loans and Prosecution of the War," he said:

"My three sons and twelve nephews are fighting for democracy's cause. If there be need for men of my age I am ready to make the supreme sacrifice."

The meeting was attended by members of the Humanitarian Cult, under the auspices of which organization the address was solicited. Eighteen thousand dollars' worth of Liberty Bonds were subscribed for.

CALLS LABOR MOST VITAL.

The Cabinet officer said:

"Labor is the most vital institution in the preservation of democracy. Many of you are not natives of the United States, like myself. I was born in Scotland. It was not because we were lacking in love for the land of my birth that my parents brought me as a boy to America. We came because we loved pure liberty and the sentiments surrounding the traditions of this land.

"We were not content to be only subjects. We came to the United States, the greatest democracy on the face of the earth, where men can work out their own destinies.

"Now comes a period when there is great need of self-sacrifice, so that this great democracy can continue. We are a peace-loving people, and it was only after a period of many inquisitions that we entered this war.

"Our American boys have turned the tide of the struggle in France and we are now pushing the Germans back toward Berlin. We shall continue to do so until the power of the German military caste is crushed and peace terms established so that there can be no renewal of this terrible contest, and a League of Nations established like the league of the United States, which will perpetuate peace for all time.

"WILL NEVER SUBMIT."

"If I understand properly the spirit of the American people, native born or naturalized, they will never submit to king, prince or potentate.

"There will be no peace with Germany until Russia is freed from the German yoke. There will be no peace while German forces are on foreign soil. Nothing but an unconditional surrender will be accepted after their brutal methods of warfare. We will place the kaiser in exile. We won't kill him or Von Tirpitz. Death is too good for them!

"You know the Kaiser is no friend of mine. He has not been since 1914, when I cabled him and told him not to fight the allies, but spend the money to help widows and orphans of Germany. Do you know he never gave the courtesy of an answer."

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

150,000 POUNDS OF WOOL SEIZED AT CORINTH, VT.

Corinth, Vt., Oct. 7.—The government has seized 150,000 pounds of raw wool, valued at $50,000, from the barn of C. O. Clement here, because he refused to sell it to the government for its needs. The wool has been stored each year since 1865. The case was looked up by the Vermont Committee of Public Safety, and Clement given a chance to sell the wool to the government. He refused, so the government has commandeered it, and will pay the market price less the cost of seizure proceedings.

BUY LIBERTY BONDS

GET IN YOUR SQUASHES, JACK FROST DUE TONIGHT

Get in your squashes, your late beans and your tomatoes today if you can, else you will find them withered and blackened when tomorrow's sun rises, is the advice of the Weather Man. Jack Frost is going to visit Boston tonight and he promises to lay his icy fingers on everything in sight before morning. He will remain for a couple of days at least, and tomorrow he will be joined by his boon companion, North Wind, for a day's visit.

BUY LIBERTY BONDS

THOUSANDS WANTED FOR TRANSPORT CORPS

Thousands of men are wanted for the newly-formed Motor Transport Corps, which has taken over the entire motor system of the United States army. Clerks, motor repair men, draftsmen, chauffeurs, electricians, inspectors, blacksmiths, welders and stockkeepers are needed. The Motor Transport Corps has opened headquarters at the Grant Motor Sales Company, No. 715 Beacon street, where applicants who qualify may be inducted into the service.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

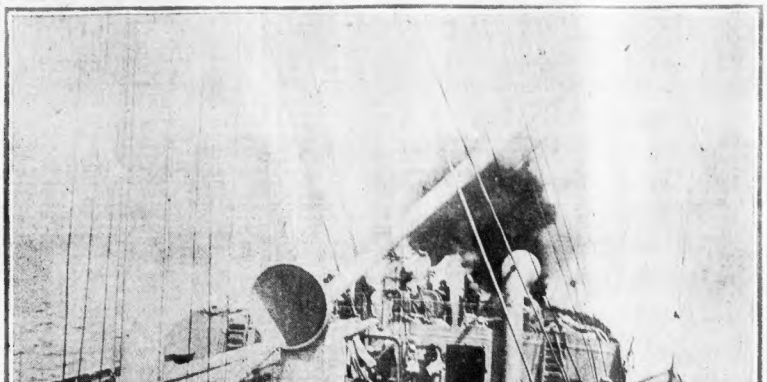
"CONSCIENCE MONEY," $100, TO WHIP KAISER

Washington, Oct. 7.—"Conscience money to help whip the Kaiser." This was the note, unsigned, received today by Postmaster-General Burleson and postmarked from Binghamton, N. Y. Enclosed were two $50 bills.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

A recuperative diet in Influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.—Advt.

TORPEDOED!



© UNDERWOOD AND UNDERWOOD, N.Y.

This most remarkable photograph yet produced by the war was taken by an amateur aboard the ship at the moment she was hit by a torpedo fired by an enemy submarine. The Committee on Public information, which authorizes its use, will not permit the printing of any further information regarding the photograph.

YANKEES TALK TO GERMANS ON OWN 'PHONE

By NEWTON C. PARKE,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

With American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 7.—Private Jacob Etter of Pennsylvania, a Dutchman by ancestry, is the first American soldier to hold a conversation with the Germans over the telephone since the United States declared war.

During the rapid advance of the Americans northward in this region, Etter, together with six other privates, entered an enemy dugout and found a German central telephone exchange, from which the operators had fled. Etter at first supposed the wires had been cut, but was much surprisedto hear voices in German, when he removed the receiver.

The Pennsylvanian understands German slightly and listened to a conversation being carried on. He called a comrade to the receiver who also understands the enemy tongue.

"SHELLING US HEAVILY."

The speaker evidently was a German artillery officer making a report. Some one said: "Shelling us heavily here." Whereupon Etter's comrade snickered.

The conversation paused, and then the German said:

"Some one is listening on this wire."

The German paused for a moment, and then questioned:

"Who is there?"

"A couple of Americans," Etter responded. "I hope they give you H——. Good day."

Slamming the receiver on the hook, Etter then tore the phone from the wall, and sat down to enjoy a hearty laugh at the German's expense.

GAVE THEM THE RANGE.

The interruption in the telephone connection, evidently tipped the Germans off to the exact location of the Americans, and a few minutes later six shells burst within a radius of seventy yards of the dugout. The Pennsylvanian and his comrades beat a hasty retreat from the vicinity of the place.

Incidentally, the captured telephone exchange represents but one of a few of the enemy 'phone exchanges that we have captured. The Germans are so short in their equipment that they usually withdraw all apparatus and wire as soon as we begin an advance.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

DANIELS COMMENDS PROVIDENCE YEOMAN

Washington, Oct. 7.—Secretary Daniels today commending John H. Johnston, yeoman, U. S. Naval Reserves, whose home is in Providence, R. I., for heroism in rescuing from drowning an eleven-year-old boy at Rochefort, France, August 24, 1918. Johnston, fully clothed, dived in, despite the strong current, and after a hard struggle in which he nearly lost his life brought the boy ashore.

BUY THE LIBERTY BONDS

U. S. SUPREME COURT RESUMES ITS SESSIONS

Washington, Oct. 7.—The Supreme Court of the United States reconvened today for the Fall and Winter session. Headed by Chief Justice White, the members of the court proceeded to the White House to pay their respects to President Wilson. It is expected that a number of decisions will be handed down by the court tomorrow.

Hub's Too Tight for Maine Cap'n; Can't Even Sneeze!

"Stranger, be this Boston!"

Captain Tobias Ezra Tomkins of Woolwich, Me., stood at the portals of the North Station and dubiously surveyed as much of the city as he could see. He had alighted from the train early in the morning and was plainly in doubt as to whether he had got off at the right place. Assured that he was indeed in the Hub, the visitor adjusted his glasses and again surveyed Canal street.

"Don't look like it," he snapped. "B'gosh if 'twarn't for this here Mercated I'd think I was in Millinocket or Bath. Why, Front street down in Bath has more social activity 'n this on a rainy day. Last time I was here, back in 1916—I come up ter purchase a new hoss—this here city was teemin' with activity, as the Weekly Trumpet feller writes.

ALL TIGHTER 'N A DRUM.

"Jes now I went over to a likker emporium, feelin' as how it is a bit wintrish and a drop would warm me up. Dern if the said shop wan't closed up tight. No hospitality 'round here, Stranger, I kin do better 'n that down home, even if we is prohibition.

"I thinks to myself, maybe I'll go to a movie to get warmed up. Derned if the movies ain't closed, too. 'Well,' I says to myself, 'B'gosh, anyhow, I kin go to a the-a-ter, and maybe see a warm show'. And derned if the the-a-ters ain't closed.

"As a last resort, I looks 'round hopin' fer find a crowd into which I kin thrust myself and imbibe some heat. But there ain't no crowd. Everyone is hustling along the rud, eying everyone else like everyone else was a German spy, or a hoss-trader. I stops a feller ter ask how ter git to Newspapy Row, and he pulls out his handkerchief and holds it afront o' his face afore he answers.

NEW HANDKERCHIEF FASHION.

"I suppose as how that's one o' them new fashions, like those 'Pan' hats the gals is wearin'! Personally, though, I don't think there's much etiket to that there fashion.

"I stops another feller and asks him is there a 'lection; is everyone away; or why is everything closed up? He turns his back and says somethin' 'bout 'hiccup, and 'hustles off like a bee stung him.

"Finally I gets up in Newspapy Row and stands there alookin' 'round, awonderin' what's become o' the crowd what used to clog the wheels o' progress in that there vicinity. Nobuddy seems ter have no interest in the bulletin boards nee nothin'.

"Then I gives a sneeze.

"Stranger, you'd a thunk a German bomb had burst. Everybuddy runs away, aclutchin' at me like I was the Kaiser proposin' peace.

"A individual in a blue police uniform, whose face is hid in bandages, steps up and taps me on the shoulder. 'Don't do it again!' he says ter me, exudin' a hospital-like odor along with the words, 'if this was Chicago I could run yer in fer that. Don't do it again!'

GOIN' BACK TO BUM.

"Stranger, I thought this was a free country. I was agoin' ter tell the cop that, but from experience I knows it aint no use to argue with cops. I allies another sneeze and comes back here to Newspapy Row, aruinin' fer fear I might sneeze again unconscious-like.

"So this be Boston, stranger! Well then I'm agoin' back to Woolwich on the next train. And the next time I goes to the city it'll be ter Bath, jes across the river, where, on Front street, you can sneeze without danger o' bein' pinched. Times has changed. Now instead o' comin' ter town to have high jinks, you city folks 'll have ter come to the country.

"That, now—I feel a sneezin' fit acomin' on'——

But the interviewer had fled.

Use Aspirin With Confidence

Bayer-Tablets and Capsules of Aspirin may be used with full confidence.

The Company manufacturing them is being operated as a "100% American concern." Every officer and director is a native American.

Bayer-Tablets and Capsules of Aspirin contain genuine Aspirin.

Plain white tablets are sometimes offered when Aspirin is called for.

Therefore, for purposes of identification as well as for your additional protection, every package and every tablet of genuine Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin is invariably marked with The Bayer Cross.

The trade mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the compound contained in Bayer-Tablets and Capsules is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

The Bayer Cross — BAYER — Your Guarantee of Purity

700 AMERICANS ON STEAMSHIP IN COLLISION

By International News Service.

London, Oct. 7.—The British steamship Otranto, carrying 700 American troops and a crew of 300, has been in collision with the Peninsular and Oriental liner Kashmire, said a dispatch received here today. One person was reported dead. The survivors were landed at an Irish port and several men who were injured were taken to the hospital.

It was not stated whether or not either of the ships had been sunk. The Otranto was a vessel of 12,124 tons and was built for the Orient Steam Navigation Company. The Kashmire displaced 8,541 tons.

SOLDIERS TO SEE FAMILIES IN THE MOVIES

Through the American and International Film Service, they Will View Home Sights

Greater Boston men fighting in France for world democracy are to have an opportunity of seeing their families through the medium of the Boston AMERICAN and the International Film Service. Motion pictures of the loved ones here are to be made by the International and sent overseas to be displayed on the screens for the soldiers.

The idea of sending movies of the folks at home to Uncle Sam's fighters was conceived by William Randolph Hearst and it has been indorsed by many leading officials. The plan is to have motion pictures taken in or near the family home or in some park, and after developing them send them across to France, where they will be shown to assembled soldiers. As nearly every letter from the front tells of the longing for the home and all the familiar faces and scenes, the films are sure to make a hit with the boys.

INDORSED BY DRAFT OFFICIAL.

The first draft board official in Boston to indorse the plan was Freeman O. Emerson of local No. 1.

"I think the plan is one of the most admirable that Mr. Hearst ever conceived," said Mr. Emerson. "It is a brilliant idea, and has great possibilities. I heartily indorse it. It will create interest among the soldiers in France when they hear that these films are going to be shown. These pictures will be an inspiration for our boys in their fighting. The men overseas will be brought close to their families again by means of the pictures.

"I believe that every soldier who goes across to Europe from this country is ambitious to do his bit—not for his own glory as for the glory of his family and his country. When a man does a heroic deed and is given a cross, he thinks not of himself, but how pleased his family will be to know that he has been honored with a cross of valor. This family pride you will find in all our boys now fighting for democracy in France. Therefore, I consider the project of Mr. Hearst a wonderful one."

WILL HELP PLAN ALONG.

"I will do all I can to help make the plan a success. Local draft board No. 2 has nice quarters and if the American wants to take some pictures there to help the good cause along I am sure we can."

As Mr. Emerson is the first draft board official to Boston to indorse the plan, invitations to families of soldiers in this city will be sent out to-morrow that duties. Fathers now in France will get many thrills from the pictures. A few husbands of the bachelor girls that were born shortly after their daddies sailed away. They will also have an opportunity of seeing how healthy the rest of the youngsters are. It will be a great treat for them and ought to give them more "pep" to fight.

Wise Bees Save Honey—Wise Folks Save Money

Deposits Go On Interest Oct. 10th

Interest Compounded Semi-Annually

Write Your Name On the Patriot's Honor Roll—BUY TWO LIBERTY BONDS WHERE YOU BOUGHT ONE BEFORE

Our weekly payment plan of one dollar down and one dollar each week places the Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds of 1918 —bearing interest of 4½% payable twice a year—within the reach of every man, woman and child.

$1 Weekly for 50 Weeks Secures $50 Bond
$2 Weekly for 50 Weeks Secures $100 Bond
$10 Weekly for 50 Weeks Secures $500 Bond

Liberty Bonds Kept Free of Charge for Our Depositors

Home Savings Bank
INCORPORATED 1860
75 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

CHRISTMAS CLUB MEMBERS

are hereby notified that they may NOW withdraw deposits not otherwise available until December 15, for the purpose of purchasing

LIBERTY BONDS

By so doing, members get their money NOW. They lose no interest, for it is computed as if the money remained on Deposit until December 15.

All our facilities at your service.

TREMONT TRUST CO.

14 State Street, Boston — 77 Warren Street, Near Dudley St. Transfer Station

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS

Shoes at War Prices and Standards After October 15

After October 15 all shoes will be made and sold according to an agreement between representatives of the shoe manufacturers and the War Industries Board. This agreement provides that there will be no more $15 and $20 shoes after that date, except what are already in stock or in process of making.

The new shoes will be grouped into three classes: A $5 to $10; B, $6 to $8.50, and C, $6 and $7. Children's shoes will be priced proportionately. Shoes are allowed to add three cents more up to June 1, 1919.

Manufacturers have expressed their good will in co-operating with the War Industries Board in the matter of price regulations and have promised to make the best articles they can at the prices quoted.

"DEATH BEFORE CAPTURE," SAYS MOTHER OF 3

Don't let one detonate take your fight until you are at peace with your Maker rather than he taken.

This is the advice of a New England mother with three sons in service to one of her boys at Camp Devens. The letter was forwarded to the Boston AMERICAN. It touched the boy so deeply that he wrote it to his mother at once. There is no wonder at mothers' fear that the Germans can not stay or resist the furious attacks of the sons of America when there are such mothers as this to encourage them.

Other portions of the mother's letter read: "Well, I hope you meet John over there. I had a card telling me of his safe arrival and it makes me feel oh, so blue and as the time draws near for you to go over, I only wish I could go and be near you, but that is impossible. I don't know how some people can have such a good time when our boys are giving all to protect this country of ours.

"Boy, when you are on the high seas all good mothers back here will be praying for you and for the others for their safe return. Boy, try to place your confidence in the One who said, 'I will care for you,' for He will care for those who put their trust in Him. If it's your fate to die on the battlefield it is God's will, and, son, we have only once to die, and if you die fighting for your country and the right you will die an honorable death, and let God's will be done in all things for the best."

Read this to the little mother's letter again and ask yourself whether you have done your utmost. Bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan are still on sale.

PEACE STOCKS ADVANCE IN NEW YORK

The New York market was active today with prices irregular. War issues were weak, while peace stocks rose to prices. Crucible dropped 2½, to 68½; Bethlehem B 2¾, to 71½; and Republic 3, to 87. U. S. Steel lost 1¾, at 106¾, after opening off ¼ at 108, and Midvale dropped 4½ to 48½.

Baldwin Locomotive sold 81, off 4½. American Locomotive 62½, off 1½. Car & Foundry 67, off 1¾ and Steel Foundries 44¾, off 1¾.

Distillers receded 1¾, to 48¾; Industrial Alcohol 2¾, to 102; Sumatra 1, to 104½, and Tobacco Products 1, at 87.

Coppers were firm. Anaconda gained ¾ at 68¾; Inspiration ¾, at 60¾, and Utah Copper 1, at 85.

Reading advanced ¾ at 83¾, up 1¾. New Haven 41, up 1¾; Canadian Pacific 137¾, up 1¾, and Union Pacific 124¾, up 2¾.

Mexican Petroleum jumped 2¾ to 154; Texas Company 4¾, to 184¾. Marine preferred rose to 108¾, up ¾. Studebaker was 60. General Motors at 138 was up 2, and Willys-Overland rose 1 to 22¾.

Sugars were mixed. Cuba gained ¾ at 41¾, and Corn Products 1¾, both off ¾. Western gained 1¾ at 53¾.

The Boston market was irregular. American Telephone sold at 104¾, up 1¾. Boston Elevated 72, up ¾. Massachusetts Gas 85¾, up ¾, and United Shoe 48¾, up ¾.

Swift & Company lost ¾ at 111. Fairbanks, N. at 83¾. Morton-Powder 37¾, and Booth Fisheries ¾, at 21¾.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

VERMONT FAMILY OF 7 ALL IN WAR SERVICE

Rutland, Vt., Oct. 7.—This state claims the largest family in the State doing 100 per cent. war work. It is the family of S. H. Squires, seven in all. Mr. Squires is a shipbuilder; Mrs. Squires is prominent in local Red Cross circles; Miss Rose Squires, a daughter, is in the United States Student Nurse Reserve at the Boston Hospital; Montpelier Lindley S. Squires is in Y. M. C. A. work at Camp Devens; Ayer Franklin Squires is in the Engineers Corps at A. E. F.; Charles V. Squires is with the 22nd Infantry in France, and Guy Squires is in the aviation service at Pensacola, Florida.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

RUTLAND, VT., GIRL GOING TO SIBERIA FOR RED CROSS

Rutland, Vt., Oct. 7.—Another girl, Miss Lillian La Valley, is soon to be one of the party of 100 American Red Cross nurses who will relief work in war-ravaged Siberia. She left for New York. A sister, Miss Alice La Valley, has recently been called for duty at Camp Mills, N. J., preparatory to going overseas in the Red Cross work.

"Cruel Words, Jim Wallaby!"

Were you one of those who heard the newsdealers' "All sold out!" yesterday?

You were not alone.

But *that* isn't much comfort, really.

Why not be *advised*?

Try a little One Minute Speech!

Tell the newsdealer that you want to be sure *every* Sunday of

New England's Greatest Sunday Newspaper

The
BOSTON SUNDAY ADVERTISER
and American

AMERICAN TROOPS ADVANCE NEARLY FOUR MILES IN CHAMPAGNE

GERMANS ABANDON SALIENT

Continued from First Page.

seen, but the birds have not yet returned.

YANKS ADVANCE IN CHAMPAGNE.

American troops fighting with General Gouraud's army on the Champagne front have advanced nearly four miles, capturing nearly 2,000 prisoners and many guns and taking Champ de Wagrams series of heights between Mont Blanc and Medeah farm.

(Americans have been attacking on the Champagne front since Thursday morning, the initial attack being delivered astride the Somme-Py-Attigny highway. After the initial drive northward, the Americans swung to the west.)

The big gain of the Americans in this sector has compelled the Germans to withdraw from the Rheims salient. The Germans are now over eight miles north of Rheims and have been driven back from the territory from which they bombarded the city for four years.

A detachment of American and French volunteers stormed powerful German machine gun nests west of Mont Blanc, capturing 200 Germans, half a dozen officers, seventy-five machine guns, numerous trench mortars, many rounds of shells, motor trucks and an ammunition dump.

The allied force did not sustain a single casualty. For their exploit the volunteers are all to be decorated with the Croix de Guerre by General Gouraud.

FORTS GIVEN UP.

A German resistance has been broken on a front of twenty-eight miles north of Rheims and in Champagne ground which the Germans have been fortifying since 1914 is falling into the hands of the French and Americans.)

The swift American advance of six miles north of Somme-Py to St. Etienne momentarily threatened with development and capture General Mudra's entire German army on the Champagne front.

The American-French turning movement was hampered by the Germans' four-year-old trench system and miles of barbed wire stretched across the fields.

An American lieutenant-colonel and half a dozen privates that were mopping up the Mont Blanc sector discovered two Krupp field guns and 5,000 shells. The lieutenant-colonel picked up a range finder, swung round the guns and the men fired 7,200 rounds when the guns burst.

Correspondents entered Rheims as soon as news was received that the garrison of the Champ de Wagram hills had compelled Von Mudra's German army to withdraw from the line of Brimont, Witry and Nogent-Ab-Bezes. Formerly German batteries had been emplaced there to cover the city.

The roads entering Rheims were still clogged with entanglements and there was not a person to be seen in the city, which for four years has continually deluged with gas shells.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

A dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Tuesday, October 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, September 20, 1918.

G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

Filene's Automatic Bargain BASEMENT

When Liberty says "Forward March," don't stand still! "Forward March" and buy your bonds!

Many, many, a boy that you know, stepped forward long ago, bravely, with a rifle on his shoulder, and with smiling, steadfast devotion in his heart, when Liberty first called "Forward march!" And many, many a boy that you know, now sleeps beneath the earth of the battlefield where he laid down his brave young life that Liberty might live for you.

Will *you* be slower to step forward with your money than *they* were with their lives? Will you hesitate to *lend* where they sprang forward eager to *give?*

Yours for the Fourth Liberty Loan

Wm. Filene's Sons Co.

STOP TALKING PEACE; ON WITH THE LOAN

Continued From First Page.

will not affect the firm stand taken by our National Administration and the Allies generally.

But it will work mischief to the Fourth Liberty Loan. It creates a seditious sentiment that maybe the Fourth Liberty Loan is not needed so badly after all.

The Fourth Liberty Loan IS needed more than ever. Now is the time to boost it, not to block it, when Germany is weakening.

Foch is not letting up in his fighting game. He is fighting for all he has.

When the American soldiers quit fighting it is time for us over here to talk peace, to stop buying bonds.

We home folks are fighting by subscribing to the Liberty Loans. The moment we slacken in the Loan drive we are throwing down our financial rifles.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo sounds a warning against this peace handicap to the loan, saying:

"The second unfavorable factor, and by far the most serious one, is the feeling which is prevalent in some communities that the glorious news from the battlefronts reflects a military situation which warrants a slackening of our efforts here at home.

"NO MORE INSIDIOUS PROPAGANDA THAN THIS COULD BE CIRCULATED BY THE ENEMY." If you are spreading this propaganda you are a traitor to the Allied cause and the Liberty Loan.

Amidst the ruins of a schoolhouse were found tiny gas masks which had been provided for the pupils before the city was evacuated in May. Up to that time all the civilians had to carry masks.

LOOTED WINE VAULTS.

The streets were still littered with corpses and the carcasses of horses. Among the dead were both soldiers and civilians. Afterwards the correspondents went to the eastern suburb of Cernay-le-Rheims, which the enemy had occupied for four years. Numerous sharpshooters' nests were found there, from which German snipers picked off persons walking in the streets of Rheims.

The German trenches were littered with thousands of empty champagne bottles. They had looted the vast wine vaults of the surrounding countryside.

ALLIES NOT TO BE CAUGHT NAPPING

Continued from First Page.

til she evacuates Alsace-Lorraine without condition," Lodge said.

Any proposal of an armistice by Germany or Austria must be to General Foch, Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota declared.

MUST LAY DOWN ARMS.

"Let Germany propose to him to lay down her arms and then ask for an armistice. Let the Germans do as the Bulgarians did. We want no peace by negotiation," he said.

Senator Poindexter of Washington insisted there should be only one, not fourteen points, in our peace terms.

"That one point should be unconditional surrender," he said.

"If we accept anything else, it would be an approach to a betrayal of the cause for which we are fighting, a betrayal similar to the betrayal by the Bolsheviki."

"Any move by the President to accept any other than this one all-important condition, during a recess of Congress, would likewise be a betrayal of what we are fighting for," Poindexter added. "I have no idea that he will do any such thing, but I want to point out that this proposition is one of so great importance that the whole people of the United States should decide it."

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

Peace Pleas in Hands of President Wilson; Quick Rejection Expected

By JOHN EDWIN NEVIN,

International News Service Staff Correspondent.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The German and Austrian peace appeals are officially before the United States government.

The German appeal, addressed specifically to President Wilson, was delivered to him in the White House at 11 o'clock by Frederick Dederin, the acting Swiss charge d'affaires.

Half an hour earlier the Austro-Hungarian appeal had been handed to Secretary of State Lansing by the Swedish minister.

It was officially announced that the President would lose no time in making reply to the two notes.

Officials made it plain that the reply of the President would be the same to both notes. It was necessary that these documents be compared with the unofficial text which has been before the President and Secretary of State Lansing before any reply could be completed.

For this reason it was impossible for the President to dispose of the communications as expeditiously as he did the Austrian appeal for a non-binding unofficial peace conference. However, the President had the rough text of his reply ready when the Swiss charge presented the note. It would take only a comparatively short time to smooth it into shape, officials said.

LANSING AT WHITE HOUSE.

Secretary Lansing was a luncheon guest at the White House, where he presented Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the British Admiralty, and his party to the President and Mrs. Wilson.

While no official presumed to speak for the President, the men closest to him made it very plain that he did not believe that Germany was sincere in her desire for peace. The latest move, officials said, plainly was forced because of the capitulation of Bulgaria, the impending surrender of Turkey and the great unrest in Austria, which resulted in the Socialist members of the Chamber of Deputies denouncing Germany.

President Wilson, members of his official family declared, could be depended upon to prevent insidious German plots undermining the morale of the American people. Incidentally, it was pointed out that this peace move had been launched at a time when it might have the effect of slackening up the Liberty Loan drive. The President will act to prevent this, it was explained.

NO BARTER OR COMPROMISE.

This war cannot be ended by barter or compromise, officials say. Neither can a peace conference be permitted while Germany holds the fruits of victory. Her armies are in force on devastated Russia; they hold robbed Rumania; they retain their death grip on northern France, Belgium and Luxemburg.

And while the new imperial chancellor, Prince Maximilian of Baden, tells the Reichstag that he has accepted on behalf of Germany the peace principles outlined by President Wilson "as a basis for negotiations," the Kaiser himself rattles the sword, praises the army and declares the fighting will go on until peace on his terms is reached.

Officials generally believe that the President will take occasion to make it plain just how the central powers can get peace. It is entirely possible that he will point to the declaration of terms that eliminated Bulgaria from the war as a model. Then again he may simply repeat his original declaration that a peace cannot be considered until the principle of restoration and restitution has been accepted by the enemy.

RESERVES EXHAUSTED.

From the purely military standpoint acceptance of the proposals at the present time without guarantees for the future would be of the greatest benefit to the enemy. At every point on the western front the Germans are retreating before the victorious American, British, French and Belgian armies.

They are sorely pressed everywhere. Their reserves are exhausted and their supplies very short. At home the German people are panic-stricken, realizing at last that there is a real possibility their vaunted military machine cannot prevent an invasion of German soil.

In the immediate future, if the fighting continues, the Germans must retreat on a wide scale, surrendering miles upon miles of captured territory which if they are allowed to retain it by an armistice would give them unwarranted material for bargain purposes. And while envoys were discussing possible peace terms the German high command would be able to refit the army, get another supply of munitions, etc., and be ready to go on with the fighting if it was found that the allies did not want a made-in-Germany peace.

That is the all-compelling reason why every official here in Washington believed today that the President would not accept any suggestion that he arrange an armistice in Europe and for the sending of plenipotentiaries to The Hague to talk peace. To end the war now, officials say, would be to rob the allies—including the peerless army of General Pershing—of the fruits of a well earned victory.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

Tremont Street Bacon Street

HOUGHTON & DUTTON Co

We Give and Redeem Legal and Profit-Sharing Stamps

Double Stamps

(Legal or Profit-Sharing)

WITH EVERY 10c PURCHASE

ALL DAY TUESDAY

This Means a Discount of 8c Per Dollar on All Merchandise Bought at Our Regular Low Prices

AMERICANS FORGING AHEAD

By NEWTON C. PARKE,

International News Service Staff Correspondent.

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 7.—Fighting their way forward step by step, the Americans advanced slightly over the whole front between the Meuse and the Argonne forest, reaching Hill No. 269, which dominates Romagne, a pivot of the Kriemhilde line.

(The Kriemhilde line is the chief bulwark of German defences defending the lines of communication supplying the German left flank.)

Everywhere the Americans encountered the hottest machine gun and artillery fire, but in spite of the stubborn resistance by picked German troops, all of our advancing elements pushed forward, smashing all German counter attacks.

The Americans have penetrated Ville aux Bois farm and are clearing up Sogon wood, which was the scene of heavy fighting last Friday and Saturday. After "mopping up" the German machine gun nests in Bois Montefagne the Americans established themselves on Hill No. 240.

In the Ville sector (where the Yankees are pushing up the Aire valley against the German base at Grand Pre), the American positions have been improved.

American detachments are infiltrating deeper and deeper into the Bois de Chatel. Numerous prisoners were taken in these operations.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

Pershing Communique Reports Further Gains in Stubborn Fighting

By International News Service.

Washington, Oct. 7.—American troops made further gains yesterday, General Pershing reported in his communique made public by the War Department today. "Our troops have made slight advances during the day," the communique states. "Between the Meuse and the Bois des Agons there has been stubborn infantry fighting. Further to the west machine gun and artillery combats were constant and heavy, and everywhere increased artillery activity by both sides."

GOURAUD MAY DRIVE ENEMY TO THE AISNE

By HENRY G. WALES.

International News Service Staff Correspondent.

With the American Army on the Champagne Front, Oct. 7.—General Gouraud's Franco-American army on the Champagne front has achieved such a striking success that there were indications today that the Germans would withdraw to a line on the Aisne River, running through Berry au Bac, Rethel and Vouziers.

(If such a retreat is carried out it would mean a retirement of a total depth of twenty miles from the old German lines at some points.)

Observers report enemy airdromes being dismantled and moved north of the Aisne. Batteries of big German guns are being moved northward, villages are burning and ammunition dumps are being blown up behind the German front.

Evacuation of the Rheims salient—a bulge similar to that which formerly existed on the German front between Armentieres and Lens—was necessitated by the need of shortening the line to give a denser man-power per kilometer.

The Germans also felt the need of heavier massing of artillery and machine guns on the rearward positions that had been selected for a stand.

Although during the past four years the Germans constructed numerous defence lines along the hitherto main battlefronts between the North Sea and the Champagne district, quietude on other parts of the front except for the Crown Prince's Verdun offensive, resulted in the neglect of positions there. Accordingly, only two prepared lines of enemy defences stand as a barrier to the American advance between the Argonne forest and Meuse River, and already one of them—the Kriemhilde—has been reached.

The next chain of German defensive works follows the Meuse River, through Stenay, converging on the Metz line. This defensive zone pivots on Lille at the upper extremity.

Owing to the unpreparedness of the terrain behind his front, Ludendorff is contesting every inch of the American advance stubbornly, and the Crown Prince and Von Gallwitz are under orders to retain their positions despite losses.

Ludendorff is preferring to throw in his best divisions and sacrifice thousands rather than take the chance of Americans breaking through northward, cutting the main line arteries with the fatherland.

The German losses have been terrific since July 18, especially among the "storm troops." Despite the heavy toll taken by the allies, Ludendorff is daily hurling fresh divisions from his dwindling reserves into the struggle.

For Men Entering the Officers' Material School

We Are Prepared to Deliver

NAVAL CADET UNIFORMS

On Short Notice

Adams Leopold Morse Co Square

Store Open Daily Until 6 P. M.

Uniform Makers During Three American Wars

Jordan Marsh Company

Great Basement Store

The Famous Store Within a Store

For the Sale of the Less Expensive Merchandise

Would You Keep This Beautiful Flag Flying Over Our Land of Freedom?

Then Loosen Up Your Purse Strings and Invest Every Dollar You Can in

The Fighting 4th Liberty Loan

We must buy bonds to the last cent of our ability, because our country is fighting for its very life. Make no mistake, citizens of America, the crisis is just that—we are fighting for our very life. For life in America would not be worth living if Germany won.

Remember, It's Either Bonds or Bondage

There is only one thing for us all to do now, and that is to war to the bitter end—war until the unspeakable Hun is utterly destroyed.

Prove that you are 100% American.

Show your red blood. Be a man. Dig down deep and come across loyally with every dollar you can.

Liberty bonds are the only weapons that can save the world from destruction, and we will never stop buying them until Germany dips her dirty blood-stained rag to the Stars and Stripes.

America, Civilization, Democracy and Humanity Expect Every Man to Do His Duty

Buy Today--at any bank --cash or instalments

Save to Buy and Buy to Keep

INFLUENZA CRISIS GROWS IN NEW ENGLAND; MORE NURSES NEEDED

Continued from First Page.

on those previously agreed upon by the Retail Trades Board, and aim to relieve congestion on Elevated trains, surface cars and steam trains by a rearrangement of hours.

Other late developments were:

1—Conductors reported to be ignoring orders to keep the windows open on Elevated trains.

2—Many saloons remain open, proprietors claiming they have received no orders to close.

3—Situation in New England worse and disease is rapidly spreading to southern and eastern States, to telegrams to health officials in those sections from New England aid.

4—Dr. Edward W. Carey believes the disease is abating in Massachusetts and says mortality is no worse than in the grip epidemic in 1889.

5—Doctors and nurses being inoculated with Dr. Leary's serum on which report is to be made Monday.

WOODWARD'S STATEMENT.

Health Commissioner Woodward said:

"One of the most serious causes of the spread of the present epidemic of grip is the congestion occurring at rush hours in crowds and rubbing of persons in railway trains, elevated and trolley cars.

"Stores and business offices, generally speaking, ordinarily open about 8 o'clock and close about 5 p. m. The result is that between 8 and 9 in the morning and between 5 and 7 in the afternoon there is tremendous congestion on public conveyances and at stations.

"In order to relieve this congestion and spread traffic over a longer period with less congestion, it has been deemed necessary to order retail department, dry goods, specialty, clothing and furniture stores and shops not to open before 10 a. m. and to close at 6:15 p. m.

"This means that no only should such stores close at 6:15, but that they should not close before that time.

"This regulation should bring congestion caused by shopping at somewhat different hours from the congestion caused by the workers in business offices.

4 P. M. FOR BUSINESS OFFICES.

"In order to relieve congestion as fully as possible, all business offices within the city are strongly urged and requested to close until further notice at 4 p. m.

"It has not been thought practicable at present to issue an order to this effect, but, if the request is not generally observed, such an order will probably be forthcoming.

"The effect of the observance of this request will be to bring to all those doing business in offices an opportunity to get to their homes before the end of the shopping day but also—and principally—to give the Boston Elevated Railway Company opportunity to regulate the traffic to meet the new conditions.

"In the interests of the utmost importance that business offices generally observe this request as far as possible.

A WORD TO SHOPPERS.

"In regard to shoppers, the public generally is warned that all unnecessary shopping should be avoided. Every shopper is subject to the risk of contagion on every shopping trip and, therefore, individuals who avoid unnecessary shopping not only assist the health authorities in checking the danger, but also avoid serious personal danger.

"The Health Commissioner has been in conference with the Elevated officials, who expressed the opinion that the plan outlined above will go far to relieve the seriousness of the situation."

Dr. Warren F. Draper, in charge of the government work in New England, declared today that while the New England situation was worse.

"I have not the figures to show it," he said, "because the physicians and health authorities are so rushed that they have not time to send them in, and the law making the disease reportable is not in effect outside of Massachusetts.

"But the calls for aid from various places show that the number of new cases is increasing. Boston alone wants ten doctors at once, but the calls for nurses as compared with doctors are about ten to one.

"The disease is spreading in the Eastern and Southern States, according to telegrams I received from Washington today asking if I could spare any doctors or nurses from New England. I have been unable to, although I think the New England situation is well covered as far as doctors are concerned. There is still an acute shortage of nurses."

At the State bacteriological laboratory nurses and doctors coming from outside the State are voluntarily receiving inoculations of Dr. Leary's serum, while the report upon its merits by a scientific board appointed by the government and State is pending. The report will be made at a conference of the board with Dr. Kelley of the State Board of Health.

Miss Edith A. Sawtelle, bacteriologist, stated that 150 doctors and nurses had received inoculations of Leary's serum at their own request within the past few days.

"It is too early to state yet what the results of this inoculation will be because the period of immunizing has not passed. They are given three inoculations in all, one every twenty-four hours.

"The only effects reported is a slight soreness of the arm, but one or two reported nausea which might have been due to other causes, since it was not generally experienced.

"There is not enough serum on hand to admit of general inoculations to protect the public, and, anyhow, I think the State health authorities would prefer to wait the results of the investigation by the scientific board which has been under way for several days."

NO WORSE THAN IN 1889.

Dr. Carey of the State Board of Health stated that if the board should find the serum to be a preventive or cure for the disease it would undoubtedly be manufactured in several places in Boston, at Harvard College, the Tufts laboratory and the laboratory of the state board at Forest Hills.

"I was looking over the reports of the grip epidemic in 1889," said Dr. Carey, "and I do not find that it is much worse now than then. The death rate seemed about the same.

"The fact that there is an increase in the number of pneumonia cases leads me to believe that the disease is running its course in Massachusetts. It was so when the epidemic began to break up in 1889."

The retail trades board and Dr. Woodward are still considering the advisability of opening the stores later and closing them earlier as a means of relieving congestion on cars and trains which is thought by health authorities to be means of spreading the disease.

Owing to the shortage of gravediggers, sixty city employes, connected with the Department of Public Works, are today burying dead in Calvary Cemetery, near Forest Hills. This action followed a request made by City Councilor Moriarty, who made known the conditions to Health Commissioner Woodward.

Councilor Moriarty was informed by undertaker that there were 130 bodies unburied at Calvary Cemetery.

Advertisement.

BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are famous for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping pain or any disagreeable effects.

Dr. F. E. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Advertisement.

Rupture Kills 7,000 Annually

Seven thousand persons each year are laid away—the burial certificates being marked "Rupture." Why? Because the unfortunate ones had neglected themselves or had been merely taking care of the symptoms of the affliction and paying no attention to the cause. What are you doing? Are you protecting yourself by wearing a truss, appliance, or whatever name you choose to call it? If so, at best the truss is only a makeshift—a false support—against a collapse which cannot be expected to act as more than a mere mechanical support, retards blood circulation, thus robbing the weakened muscles of that which they need most—nourishment.

But science has found a way, and every truss sufferer in the land is invited to take a FREE test right in the privacy of their own home. The PLAPAO method is unquestionably the most scientific, logical and successful self-treatment for rupture the world has ever known.

The PLAPAO PAD, when adhering closely to the body, cannot possibly slip or shift out of place. It has no metal, chafe or pinch. Soft as velvet—easy to apply—inexpensive. Can be worn while you work and whilst you sleep. No straps, buckles or springs attached.

Learn how to close the internal opening as nature intended so the rupture CAN'T come down. Send your name today to PLAPAO CO., Block 282, St. Louis, Mo., for FREE trial Plapao and the information necessary.

Fight to Win!

The Nation demands strong men—strong women and robust children. Wisdom suggests that every proper means of safeguarding the vital forces and building up of resistance, be utilized.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

affords definite help to those who are "fighting to win" against the inroads of weakness. Scott's, abundant in tonic-nutrient properties, builds up the body by Nature's methods.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N.J. 18-24

BLISS NATIVE HERB TABLETS

Lack of exercise, poor food, improper digestion result in constipation and cause

SICK HEADACHE

Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Constipation and Stomach disorders. Bliss Native Herb Tablets are a great

Kidney and Liver Regulator.

For 20 years recognized as the only genuine herb remedy. Safe, gentle, certain. Get the genuine. Every package contains this trade mark. Price $1.00 per box of 40 Tablets.

Sold by leading druggists and local dealers everywhere.

U. S. Casualties to Date

	Previously Reported reported Oct. 7	This	Total
Killed in action	7,980	212	8,292
Died of disease	1,982	48	2,030
Died of wounds	2,536	60	2,596
Dead from other causes	969	15	975
Wounded	21,922	485	22,407
Captured or missing	5,221	84	5,305
Army totals	40,671	944	41,615
Marine totals	3,365	9	3,385
Grand totals	44,036	944	44,980

GEN. C. A. DOYEN SUCCUMBS TO INFLUENZA

Washington, Oct. 7.—Official Washington is mourning today the loss of Brigadier-General Charles A. Doyen, U. S. M. C., a victim of Spanish influenza, at the Quantico Marine Corps training camp. General Doyen had been ill only a few days. It is believed that his weakened condition following the recent campaign overseas made him the easier victim of the disease.

General Doyen commanded the first regiment of marines that went to France and was later assigned to the command of the Fourth Brigade of Marines. His men were among the very first to fight for Uncle Sam in the present war.

General Doyen was born in Concord, N. H., September 3, 1859. He went to the Naval Academy at Annapolis, from which he was appointed to the Marine Corps in 1885. Before going overseas he was in command of the barracks at Washington. His troops had the distinction of being all war-seasoned men, having been under fire in Cuba, the Philippines, Santo Domingo, Hayti, Nicaragua and other places where the marines have had to perform "peace time" duty.

The detachment of marines under his command numbered 2,700 men, organized after the French system into companies of 250 each. The brilliant record they made in the fighting in Europe has already passed into history.

General Doyen had been an officer of marines for more than thirty-five years.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

Twenty-five More Influenza Cases at Seminary Hospital

Twenty-five additional influenza cases were expected today at the temporary hospital established at St. John's Seminary, Brighton, for convalescent patients. The seminary was offered by Cardinal O'Connell for men and boys, and takes patients from the City Hospitals. It is sufficiently recovered to be moved, in order to make room for new cases at the hospital.

With the addition of twenty-five cases today, the seminary will have a total of thirty-seven. It has accommodations for 150. The nurses are volunteers, and students of the seminary are acting orders. It has the Cardinal O'Connell has visited the seminary every day since it was turned into a hospital.

The two buildings are divided into sections, with sleeping quarters for the doctors, nurses and students.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

Sir Eric Geddes, Head of British Navy, in Washington

By International News Service.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Sir Eric Geddes, first Lord of the British Admiralty, and members of the Admiralty Board arrived in Washington today, after having landed at an Atlantic port yesterday.

They were greeted by government and embassy officials. While in Washington they will occupy the home of Perry Belmont, which was taken over by the government for the housing of distinguished visitors. It will be the first time the mansion has been occupied since the visit of the Japanese mission to this country several months ago.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Admiral Benson, chief of operations, were the first to call upon the British party, whose arrival in this country was unheralded.

Amusements.

SYMPHONY HALL

SYMPHONY CONCERTS

24 Fri. Afts. 24 Sat. Eves.

BEGINNING OCT. 18-19

BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

HENRI RABAUD, Conductor

PIERRE MONTEUX

Will conduct the October concerts

DISTINGUISHED SOLOISTS

Season Tickets,

$60, $48, $36, $24, $15

NOW ON SALE

Applications for tickets by mail may now be made, and should be addressed to W. H. BRENNAN, Manager, Symphony Hall, Boston. Telephone Back Bay 1492.

NEW CASUALTY LISTS CONTAIN 944 NAMES

Washington, Oct. 7.—An unusually long list of officers is a feature of the two army casualty lists, totaling 944 names, issued today. There are 57 officers on both lists, and 49 New Englanders, many of them from Greater Boston. The lists are divided as follows:

Killed in action, 212; missing in action, 83; wounded severely, 484; died of wounds, 100; died of aeroplane accident, 3; died of accident, etc., 12; died of disease, 48; wounded, degree undetermined, 4; prisoner, 1.

Officers on the lists are:

OFFICERS.

KILLED IN ACTION.

CAPTAIN.

Ward Ellis, Ontario, Ca.

LIEUTENANTS.

Franklin R. Bellows, Wilmette, Ill.
Samuel Eagle, Decatur, Tenn.
Daniel C. Calbreth, Thomasville, N. C.
Elmer T. Doocy, Pittsfield, Ill.
Andrew K. Dunn, Charleston, Ill.
Morris Finkelberg, Spring Valley, Ill.
Edward D. Wells, Wichita, Kan.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

LIEUTENANTS.

Thomas Addis Emmet Harris, New York.
Emory S. Irwin, Denver, Col.
Howard G. Leonard, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DIED OF DISEASE.

LIEUTENANTS.

Edward G. Royce, Philadelphia, Pa.
Louis Alexander Torres, Tampa, Fla.

DIED FROM AEROPLANE ACCIDENT.

CAPTAIN.

Ralph Senger, New York.

LIEUTENANTS.

Maury Hill, St. Louis, Mo.
Mark B. Middlekauf, Carvalees, Ore.

DIED FROM ACCIDENT, ETC.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

Robert H. Willis, Simpsonville, S. C.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

MAJORS.

Allen George Donnelly, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Lucius Salisbury, New York, N. Y.

CAPTAINS.

James R. Cooper, Augusta, Ga.
John C. Christopher, Grant, Ia.
William F. Prescott, St. Louis, Mo.

LIEUTENANTS.

John H. Ale, Noblesville, Ind.
Frank W. Hall, Miami, Fla.
William F. Caldwell, East Cleveland, Ohio.
Gideon T. Clark, Jr., Chester, S. C.
Lawrence H. Ewals, Nephi, Utah.
William G. Judkin, Chicago, Ill.
Jere M. Neal, Jr., Macon, Ga.
James G. Nixon, Cleveland, O.
Joe Brown Peay, Greenville, Ga.
Frederick Thomas Rau, Milwaukee, Wis.
Harrington W. Sellers, New York, N. Y.
Roy F. Sharp, Ballinger, Tex.
Theodore William Easton, Norristown, Pa.
William Hepburn, Windsor, Ct.
William W. Johnston, Brooklyn, N. Y.
John S. Kramer, Faribault, Minn.
Edgar W. Maurer, West Wooster, O.
Joseph William Gaspary, Detroit, Mich.
Paul E. Bailey, Menomie, Wis.
Frank H. Reinoehl, Lebanon, Pa.
Frank W. Wiener, Long Island, N. Y.
Charles V. Abernathy, Key West, Fla.
Joseph J. Boag, New York, N. Y.
Robert G. Carter, Chevy Chase, Md.
Paul Steinberg, Lewensteln, St. Louis, Mo.
Clarence W. Martin, Dade City, Fla.
Walter Christian Mueller, Marshfield, Wis.
Francis S. Pearshall, Marshall, Tex.
Morgan E. Preston, Nashville, Tenn.
Marcel Von Berenge, La Porte, Ind.
David G. Boyd, No. 98 Powder House boulevard, Somerville, Mass.
Paul D. Coles, Seattle, Wash.
John A. McDowell, Jr., Chicago, Ill.
Richard C. Wilson, Victor, Col.

MISSING IN ACTION.

LIEUTENANT.

Roger W. Hitchcock, Los Angeles, Cal.

Exclusive of officers, the New England names on both lists are:

MASSACHUSETTS.

KILLED IN ACTION.

SERGEANTS.

Raymond B. Thompson, Holyoke.

Thomas J. Higgerskas, No. 50 West Sixth street, South Boston.

PRIVATES.

Homer A. Hunt, Braintree.
George Hannus, Indian Orchard.
Rene H. Mongeon, Indian Orchard.
John E. Hoeckaldge, Swampscott.
James F. Martin, Holyoke.
Walter A. Walsh, Waltham.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

CORPORAL.

Edwin C. Mellenphy, No. 61 Westfield street, Dorchester.

PRIVATE

Roy E. Deragon, Worcester.

DIED OF DISEASE.

PRIVATES.

Standish V. Furber, No. 11 Cottage Park road, Winthrop.
Stefe Nichoporuk, No. 248 Third street, Cambridge.
Thomas J. English, No. 107 Evans street, Dorchester.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

CORPORALS.

Tony Piastel, Swampscott.
Thomas W. Conlon, Winchester.
Albert A. Aprli, Lawrence.
Charles F. Bailey, Newton Upper Falls.
Earl B. Stowell, Westboro.
William McCarthy, Wakefield.

PRIVATES.

Sinclair B. Black, No. 832 Second street, Boston.
Santo Frent, No. 180 Marion street, East Boston.
Dewey T. Labanty, New Bedford.
Fred G. Nagelschmidt, Pittsfield.
Michael J. Sherry, Woburn.
Lewis E. Armsby, Pittsfield.
Lewis E. Connolly, Newton Lower Falls.
Benucho Kolaczowski, New Bedford.
Norman C. Singer, Wakefield.
Parry A. Munroe, Lynn.
John Joseph Stack, Andover.
Adolph Zaremba, Haverhill.
Walter M. Zimmerman, Gill.
Ottie E. Wallace, Leominster.
Ethan Russell Bush, No. 27 Levant street, Dorchester.
Earl Ira Whonsien, Lynn.
William F. Cunningham, Randolph.
William H. Evans, Holyoke.
Thomas L. Mahoney, No. 32 Jay street, Somerville.
Matthew Moran, Springfield.

WOUNDED UNDER CONDITIONS (GASSED).

Hubert M. J. Mellyn, No. 2 Leonard court, Dorchester.

MISSING IN ACTION.

CORPORAL.

Richard F. Slavin, Chatham.

PRIVATE.

Maurice T. Kelliher, No. 156 Norfolk street, Dorchester.

MAINE.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

PRIVATE.

Clyde C. Perry, Albion.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

BUGLER.

Louis Feriand, Waterville.

PRIVATES.

Ovila Bluette, Lisbon.
Louis Philip Champion, Brunswick.
Harry C. Soulhard, Augusta.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

DIED OF DISEASE.

PRIVATE.

Oliver Pombrio, Nashua.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

PRIVATES.

Leon E. Kamp, Hillsborough.
Herbert S. Goodall, Wolfboro.

VERMONT.

KILLED IN ACTION.

PRIVATE.

Albert Fresell, Rutland.
George Alden Somerton, Rutland.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

CORPORAL.

Frank O. Bashaw, Brandon.

PRIVATES.

Ralph A. Lawliss, Barre.
John Joseph Spencer, Swanton.
George F. Willard, West Dunnerston.

RHODE ISLAND

KILLED IN ACTION.

PRIVATE.

Lawrence F. Conley, Block Island.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

PRIVATE.

John J. Maguire, Providence.

CONNECTICUT.

KILLED IN ACTION.

PRIVATES.

Thomas J. Brennan, Oakville.
Jeremiah J. Coleman, Middletown.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

CORPORAL.

Philip H. Moriarty, Hartford.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Notice to Legal Stamp Collectors:

DOUBLE

Merchants Legal

Stamps

All Day

Tuesday

Take Advantage

GILCHRIST CO.

The Store of Progress

ARMY AND NAVY AMERICAN

LIBERTY. BOSTON, MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1918. DEMOCRACY.

AYER SOLDIERS PICK APPLES FOR PIES

Prize to Be Awarded Contingent Gathering the Largest Quantity

Camp Devens, Ayer, Oct. 7.—This was apple picking day for members of the 7th Battalion. The delegation went to Marshall's Farm, some distance away, and had the time of their lives filling baskets and boxes with apples. Some of the men found enjoyment in making apple jack and drinking it during the exercises. It was great fun while it lasted. The apples are nice and rosy and will be used in making pies.

Representatives of the 8th Battalion will go to the farm tomorrow and pick their quota of apples. The 9th Battalion will have their inning Wednesday, then comes the 12th Battalion, 2d, 4th and 5th, in order. A prize will be given, it is stated, the battalion contingent picking the most apples.

The new infantry drill routine was put into effect today.

Much interest is manifested in the grenade throwing demonstration to be held here October 16, under the direction of First Lieutenant Virgil Conkling. The affair will be held at the Divisional Grenade Throwing Field.

October 17 is the date set for the "Battle Royal" at the Auditorium. The main bout will be between Charlie Leonard and his brother Benny, world's lightweight champion. Followers of the manly art of self defense from the Hingham Naval School will try conclusions with the hitters attached to this cantonment.

Forty boxes of athletic supplies were received by Captain Sullivan from the Commission on Training Camp Activities. Each box contains ten sets of boxing gloves, baseball supplies and other articles.

BREEZES

By PRIVATE CHET SHAFER

With the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

GENERAL SAFETY ORDERS, 4 IN NUMBER, ARE ISSUED AFTER YOU'VE MADE THE GANGPLANK SAFELY. THEY FOLLOW:

1. Never open any port or opening in the ship's side. If there are any openings to be made, a German torpedo will be used.

2. Do not tamper with any machinery or apparatus. We have our own staff of engineers and roustabouts and you are consequently restricted to turning on the salt showers. Our engines are good, serviceable engines. If we need any suggestions on them we will ask for you.

3. Smoking permitted on upper decks during daylight only. This insures against burial at sea.

4. Smoking below decks at any time. We have not provided extra room for cigarettes.

A TRANSPORT IS A GOOD PLACE TO GET ACQUAINTED, NO MATTER HOW RESERVED AND EXCLUSIVE YOU ARE YOU'VE GOT TO MAKE FRIENDS. YOUR FRIENDSHIP'S AMOUNT ALMOST TO A CLOSE RELATIONSHIP.

The National Army soldier, his first day on board, opin ask more questions than a census solicitor.

But the eternal army question is just the same on the bounding main as it was back in the barracks: "When are we goin' t' eat?"

And you'd be surprised, in the mornings, at the smiles on deck.

Just like it is on land—it's no place for the long face.

All you've got to do is get a buddy, be hardboiled, grin and sing when the song starts.

Then you'll make port all right.

OF COURSE, JOHN, IF IT'S NECESSARY, YOU CAN EAT A LITTLE GLUE WITH YOUR FOOD.

The best way, however, to avoid being seasick is to treat by cell.

Coming down the promenade deck she's the real clatter.

RADIO STUDENTS ARE BUYING BONDS

24th Company Is 100 Per Cent. Subscribed—Others Showing Well

U. S. Naval Radio School, Cambridge, Oct. 7.—The twenty-fourth company of the Eleventh Battalion at the Radio School is 100 per cent. subscribed to the Fourth Liberty loan, it was learned today. Several other companies now show a high percentage in the way of subscriptions, figures on which are to be announced at a later date.

The Liberty loan drive till takes first place in the activities at the Radio School. Subscriptions that come in from day to day are said to justify the efforts of the committee to keep the drive at top speed throughout the campaign.

Entertainments are no longer given at the Y. M. C. A. or Instruction Hall. The ban has been placed on diversions by the authorities because of the Spanish influenza epidemic. No moving pictures, boxing contests, athletic meets or other entertainment which would cause the men to congregate will be permitted until the epidemic has passed. The ruling was made with a view to keeping the men separated as much as possible.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

DISCONTINUES LAW OFFICE TO AID DRAFT

Judge Charles M. Bruce of the Malden District Court, who is chairman of Division 1, Malden Exemption Board, has temporarily discontinued his Boston law offices on account of the mass of work before the exemption board. During the past year Judge Bruce has been in his Boston offices only eight times, it is said.

POTATO HARVESTING SCHEDULE FOR PUPILS

Potato harvesting for the school children at the Playstead Gardens at Franklin Park will be this week beginning tomorrow. Children will report at 9 a. m. to Supervisor Dooley with tools—potato diggers, garden forks—bags and trucks, etc., on the day scheduled for their section.

The schedule follows: Tuesday, the Christopher Gibson section; Wednesday, the George Putnam section; Thursday, Oliver Wendell Holmes section; Friday, Oliver Wendell Holmes section; Saturday, high school section.

For Grip and colds that develop into Pneumonia

You are safe when you take Father John's Medicine for your cold and to build new flesh and strength, because it is free from morphine, chloroform, codeine, heroin, or other dangerous drugs. Take it Today

NUXATED IRON

To Help Make Strong, Keen Red-Blooded Americans

Now

Being used by over three million people annually. It will increase the strength of nervous, run-down folks in two weeks' time in many instances, or your Doctor or druggist about it.

Cuticura Talcum

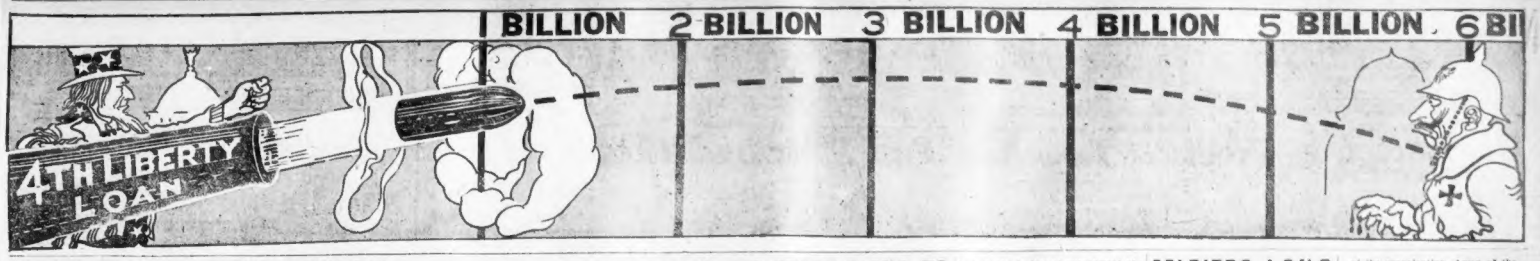
An exquisitely scented face, skin, baby and dusting powder for cooling, soothing and perfuming the skin. Delicate, delightful, distinctive. At drug stores. Free Samples free of Cuticura, Boston.

Wanted for Murder of Women and Children

WILHELM

otherwise known as "der Kaiser"

Buy Liberty Bonds and GET HIM



"BORROW TO BUY BONDS," URGES NEW ENGLAND LOAN COMMITTEE

Continued from First Page.

lotted quota. Nearly twice that amount must be raised in the next twelve busines days if New England is to triumph on October 19, when the campaign ends.

With the addition of 52,052 individual subscriptions on Saturday, the total number of individual subscribers to date stands at 730,650. Only one person in thirty-five in New England has so far been placed on record in the present loan.

As much as was raised during the entire Third Liberty Loan remains to be raised by New England in the next twelve days. The exact amount still to come is $318,236,000 or approximately $26,500,000 a day.

The critical nature of the second week of the present campaign upon which New England entered today was pointed out by the chairman of the committee for New England, N. Penrose Hallowell. "We must make a mighty effort to keep New England well up in the list of Federal Reserve Districts," declared Mr. Hallowell.

Boston subscribed $2,750,000 on the seventh day. When the credits to outside communities are deducted Boston's subscription to date will be something more than $40,000,00.

The state for state totals to date showing the subscriptions completed by payment into the Federal Reserve Banks are: Massachusetts, $116,854,000; Connecticut, $31,808,000; Rhode Island, $12,154,000; Maine, $9,313,000; New Hampshire, $5,847,000; Vermont, $8,828,000.

State Chairman Morse of Vermont reported through the General Committee yesterday that his state had subscriptions in sight of over $10,000,000, so that a considerable number of subscriptions in the Green Mountain State remains to be completed by initial payments.

NEW ENGLAND'S SHOWING.

The standing of New England, State by State, for the day and for the first seven days is as follows:

Maine	**$977,000**	**$9,313,000**
N. Hampshire	**852,000**	**5,847,000**
Vermont	**852,000**	**5,828,000**
Rhode Island	**1,385,000**	**12,154,000**
Connecticut	**3,457,000**	**31,808,000**
Massachusetts	**6,510,000**	**116,854,000**

Among large subscriptions reported are: Eastern Steamship Company, $100,000; National Calfskin Company, $200,000; T. G. Plant Company, $200,000; Howes Brothers Company, $150,000; United States Leather Company, $100,000; Berge & Coulb, Inc., $10,000; J. S. Barnett & Sons, $80,000; Royal Shoe Company, $60,000; Kistler Leah & Co., $63,000.

The Boston Trades Committee reports having awarded Industrial honor pennants to the following: Clough Lumber Company, 100 per cent; J. B. Pearson, 100 per cent; Hollister White & Company, 100; Charles E. Stanwood, 100; Boston Armature Works, 75; John H. Zoller, 100; H. D. Evans Steel Company, 100; Imperial Brothers, 100; Hall & Mann, 100; John Lucas & Company, 100; A. Brightman & Sons, 80; Liggett's Store, 147 Washington street, 85; Liggett's Store, 76 Boylston street, 100; Willard Walsh, 100; Boston & Albany Railroad, Federal Manager's office, South Station, 100; M. Steinert, 100.

FROM THE TRADES.

The committee reports these subscriptions from allied trades: Shipping, $160,000; public utilities, $87,000; flour and grain, $22,000; fire insurance, $10,000; paper trade, $10,000.

The city of Lynn is putting the honor roll to use with great effect. As fast as the committee receives the subscription cards bearing names and amount, they are sorted by wards and precincts, and then the names are inscribed on the honor rolls printed so as to carry 100 on each. These are distributed to precinct chairmen and are displayed throughout the city on the outside of buildings or in front windows.

One dff the answers to the 50,000 mail circulars sent out by the Lynn committee as a substitute for the public meetings, reports Alfred L. Lauson and family subscription shows that father, mother and son, aged fourteen, have subscribed. Of seven more children below fourteen four are buying a thrift stamp every week.

Ashburnham, Chatham and Sterling reported early this morning oversubscribing their quotas. Sterling gives Massachusetts a total of fifteen over the top.

With ninety-three separate communities on his list, State Chairman Morse of Vermont claims to be in the lead of the New England States in oversubscription. Maine is credited with forty-five, New Hampshire thirty-one, Connecticut ten, making a total of 186.

The New England Liberty Loan Committee had word from Secretary McAdoo this morning that he had named Wednesday, October 16, as Navy Day in the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign. In his message he said:

EACH DOLLAR IS A FIGHTER.

"On this day the nation should dedicate its efforts and its thoughts to the gallant men who are clearing the sea lanes to Berlin, to the men who are keeping the Kaiser's fleet bottled up, and exterminating the U-boat assassins.

"On this day the American people should pour out their money for the Fourth Liberty Loan with the thought that each dollar is a fighting dollar to strengthen and sustain a fighting navy.

"We who stay at home cannot fire shots at German submarines; but we can all help float the Liberty Loans. If we take care of the floating, the navy will take care of the sinking.

"In the first three Liberty Loans the men of the navy subscribed more than thirty-two million dollars; in the present campaign the navy men on land and sea are again responding joyfully and liberally. They are giving their lives as well as lending their dollars.

"From the bluejackets under Sims, from the valiant lads who are manning our destroyers and submarines on the Atlantic, from the stout-hearted men on our transports, from all men of the American Navy, all over the world, comes the pledge that they are with us to the last dollar and last ounce of strength, the last drop of blood.

"Let us answer that pledge by an overwhelming oversubscription to the Fourth Liberty Loan."

BORROW TO BUY BONDS

Here is the Fourth Liberty Loan Decalogue as compiled today by the New England Liberty Loan Committee:

The Liberty Loan Committee of New England emphasizes the following points regarding the Fourth Liberty Loan:

1—New England's quota.....$500,000,000
Already raised.....167,776,000

To be raised.....$332,224,000
Daily average subscription needed at least.....$25,000,000

2—Four ways to buy bonds:
(a)—by cash purchase.
(b)—On the government plan, allowing five installments, the last of which is payable as late as January 30, 191
(c)—By payments extending over a still longer time, which can be arranged with practically all banks.
(d)—By borrowing money.

3—It is no disgrace to borrow to buy Liberty Bonds. Your bank is ready to make this easy for you, so you can buy now and repay out of future earnings.

4—The third Liberty Loan was for $3,000,000,000; the fourth Liberty Loan is for $6,000,000,000. Have you subscribed for twice as much as for the third loan?

5—Certain valuable tax exemption for the Fourth Liberty Loan should be known by every investor. Send to us for our tax circular.

6—Corporations and partnerships should know of important privileges in connection with the purchase of the Fourth Liberty Loan under the pending revenue act which has already passed the House and is now before the Senate. Send to us for our tax circular.

7—Wear your Liberty button, and by your example encourage others to subscribe.

8—Turn salesman yourself; it is good fun; it is patriotic. Try it.

9—The epidemic situation is acute in many places. Serious as it is, are you going to let it beat us? Counter-attack with vigor.

10—This loan must be raised, and raised quickly. Will you do your full share?

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

Women of Bay State Report Sales Already of More Than 4 Millions

Massachusetts women to date have reported sales amounting to $4,424,500. Vermont women report additional returns as follows: Addison County, $6,100; Bennington, $21,000; Caledonia, $42,600; Chittenden, $7,100; Essex, $4,200; Lamoille, $1,050; Washington, $14,400. The total to date is $1,440,850.

All told, New Hampshire woman have a little over half-million dollars to their credit for the first week of the drive. In Peterborough, the home town of the State chairman, Mrs. William H. Schofield, the woman's committee sold $52,000, with no returns from the savings banks, as all the workers are incapacitated for duty. The chairman of the Concord committee has reported $32,400 for which the initial payments had been given to the solicitors, with very many subscribers who preferred to pay at the banks. Other reports are: East Jaffrey, $23,000, twenty-four subscribers; Dover, $68,050, three hundred fifty-two subscribers; Rochester, $6,000, eleven subscribers; Chester, $6,900; Lincoln, $8,700; Holderness, $6,300; Plymouth, $5,700; Campton, $2,250; Lisbon, $13,050; Sunapee, $12,250; Nashua $56,700; Dublin, $7,200; Hancock, $5,050; Greenfield, $2,000; Centre Jaffrey, $3,250; Woodstock, $1,450; Pittsfield, $2,800; Warner, $4,000; Swaney, $5,000.

By way of advertisement to counteract the influenza handicap, the Woman's Liberty Loan Committee of Connecticut, Mrs. Morgan G. Bulkeley chairman, has arranged to have a flight of aeroplanes over the State, in the rural districts, particularly, dropping literature prepared by the committee. Unless there is a quarantine put on the camps at Mineola, this plan will be put into effect immediately. Hartford's reclamation exhibit is a large showcase near the Liberty Cottage and is proving an attractive advertisement, with an array of renovate shoes, hats, garments, etc., from the United States Quartermaster's Department.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

Chinese Raise Liberty Loan Banner 40 Feet Long on Harrison Ave.

The Chinese Liberty Loan Committee, of which Walter L. Hayes is chairman, greatly handicapped by the epidemic in Chinatown and the fact that all public meetings are prohibited, raised a large sign, 40x20 feet, across the corner of Beach street and Harrison avenue, on which was printed in 125 hieroglyphics of the Chinese language an appeal to buy Liberty Bonds.

"My little daughter and myself both use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and find it invaluable as a remedy for constipation. I would not be without it." (From a letter to Dr. Caldwell written by Mrs. Will H. Thompson, Ripley, Ohio.)

A mild, effective remedy for constipation that is peculiarly adapted to the needs of elderly people, women and children, is the combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It brings natural relief, without griping or strain.

DR. CALDWELL'S
Syrup Pepsin
The Perfect Laxative
Sold by Druggists Everywhere
50 cts. (Two Sizes) *$1.00*

A TRIAL BOTTLE CAN BE OBTAINED, FREE OF CHARGE, BY WRITING TO DR. W. B. CALDWELL, 459 WASHINGTON STREET, MONTICELLO, ILLINOIS

German Peace Rubbish Will Boom Loan, Says Hallowell

The slogan of "Buy a Bond and Wear Your Button" adopted by the New England Liberty Loan Committee was supplemented today by the following statement from Chairman Hallowell:

"There have been rumors in circulation that an extension of time would be allowed for raising the $6,000,000,000 Fourth Liberty Loan.

"We wish to state most emphatically that no such thought exists. The loan will close on October 19, and by that time we must see to it that New England has exceeded her quota of $500,000,000.

"As for the German peace offensive, it is a piece of impudent rubbish and will prove a boomerang. The only possible effect it can have is to make every red-blooded person feel like subscribing twice as much as he has already done to the 'Fighting Fourth' Liberty Loan in order that we may give the Germans a quick and thorough thrashing and make them sue for peace on allied terms.

"Subscribe at once!"

Calder Would Make Daylight Saving Continuous

By International News Service.

Washington, Oct. 7—An amendment to the daylight saving law which would make daylight saving continuous in the United States was introduced in the Senate this afternoon by Senator Calder of New York.

An added section to the day-light saving bill, proposed by Senator Calder, would read:

"Hereafter the standard time for each zone shall be the same as that in effect on October 1, 1918, or one hour in advance of the mean astronomical time of the degre of longitude governing each zone respectively, and as thus established, shall remain fixed and determined."

The sign, translated in English reads:

"Help this nation and yourself win our war. Do not wait. Buy now. United States registered non-convertible Fourth Liberty Loan Gold Bond. Earn 4¼ per cent. No tax. At any bank, $1 or $2 first payment engages one bond. No loss. Safer than cash."

It is thought by the committee that in this way they can make a successful appeal to the citizens of Chinatown which they could not do otherwise.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

NAVY TO RECRUIT FLIGHT AND GROUND OFFICERS

Applicants for training as flight officers and ground officers for the Naval Reserve Flying Corps will be recruited at the Navy Mobilization Office, No. 51 Cornhill. Those willing to train for flight officers must be not less than nineteen years, six months old, and not more than thirty-three years and must have completed a high school course, also the equivalent of a two years' course at a recognized technical training school or college. Applicants for training as ground officers must be between thirty and forty years old, and have the same educational qualifications required of flight officers.

START PLANS TO REBUILD BIG SHELL PLANT

By International News Service.

New York, Oct. 7—Search for the bodies of victims was resumed today at the plant of the T. A. Gillespie Loading Company at Morgan, N. J., simultaneously with the beginning of preliminary work of reconstructing the plant. A steady downpour of rain and the exhaustion of explosives enabled both undertakings to proceed without danger.

The dead are estimated at ninety-four and the seriously injured at fifty by Dr. John W. Train, medical director of the United States employes' compensation commission. The property loss is expected to exceed $25,000,000.

It is probable that many of the dead will never be identified and that a full list of the casualties will never be compiled owing to the destruction by flames and explosions of many of the company's records.

GOVERNMENT TO BURY BODIES.

The unidentified bodies will be buried in one plot with funeral services by Catholic, Protestant and Jewish clergymen, after relatives have had every opportunity to make identification. Government professional men of the scene asked permission from Washington today for authority to bury the bodies at government expense. No objection is anticipated.

Only twenty-four bodies had been removed from the ruins when the vanguard of the rescuers today but other bodies were visible.

Of the thirteen big loading units that stood in the vast yard of the plant, four only were standing today, and they showed the effects of the fire and shock of shell explosions.

Government and plant officials dismissed as "nonsense" again today reports that the catastrophe was the result of enemy activities. It was learned, however, that Secret Service and Department of Justice men are investigating the report that many foreigners, who may have been enemy aliens, were working in the plant.

RETURN OF REFUGEES.

The military authorities today are permitting residents to return to their homes in the vicinity of the plant. Long lines of men, women and children are returning in wagons with household goods which they carried away Friday night and Saturday in their flight.

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

BAY STATE R. R. CARMEN CONSIDER WAGE SCALE

Delegates from the sixteen locals of the Bay State Street Railway Carmen's Union were in session today considering the demand for increased wages. The State Conference Board insists that the employes shall receive a wage award equal to that recently granted employes of the Boston Elevated.

A subcommittee will meet Receiver William H. Dunbar Wednesday to present the demands on behalf of the 4,000 employes. They have not presented their case to the War Labor Board, but will go so in the event of an adverse decision by Receiver Dunbar.

SOLDIERS LONG FOR SMOKES AND CANDY

What is the ideal Christmas present?

How many times has this question been asked by relatives or friends of the boys "over there"?

Of course, there are numerous things that one can buy, but when it comes right down to the final selection the purchaser is more than weary and looks to his friend for advice.

For the purpose of finding out just what the boys like most, an AMERICAN reporter today interviewed two prominent army officials and here is what they said:

Major Michael J. Moore, assistant chief of staff, Department of the Northeast, No. 99 Chauncy street

"If you want to make the boys happy, put in your Christmas box within the regulated size, candy, cigarettes and tobacco. These will bring them more than anything else. What's the use of filling the box with what they don't care anything about? Something to eat, something to smoke is what they're after. I know blank handkerchiefs would come in handy, but as for the rest—"

Chief Clerk J. S. Wood, commander of the organization, Army of the Philippines, and now in the office of the Judge-advocate, Department of the Northeast—"Put in the best packet of cards if you have room put in a puzzle. Tobacco goes further than anything else with the average army man. I would put in some candy. A good fountain pen I've always found handy while in the service. Some good reading material should be tucked away to keep the boys busy."

SUBSCRIBE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

TWO GERMAN PLANES DOWNED BY YANKEES

With the American Army Northeast of Verdun, Oct. 7—Two German airplanes of the Fokker type were brought down near Beaumarais yesterday by Lieut. Hugh Knox, of Los Angeles, California, of the American air service. The two Americans were flying in a squadron of Nieuports when attacked by the enemy.

Advertisement.

Are You Fat? Just Try This

Thousands of overfat people have become slim by following the advice of Doctor Edwardes, commonly known as Marmola Prescription Tablets. These harmless little fat reducers treat scientifically the cause of the fat—the glands.

It has fat, don't wait for the doctor's advice—get a package of Marmola Prescription Tablets at Woodward & Lothrop, Hovey, Filene's, Shepard Norwell, Jordan Marsh, and for $1 you receive a large box.

These reduce two, three or four pounds a week, and do not leave the skin flabby or in any way affect the general health. If you fail, try the other.

Advertisement.

ACTRESS TELLS SECRET

A Well Known Actress Tells How to Darken Gray Hair With a Simple Home Made Mixture.

Joicey Williams, the well known American actress, who was recently playing at the Imperial Theatre in St. Louis, Mo., made the following statement about gray hair and how to darken it:

"Anyone can prepare a simple mixture at home, at very little cost, that will darken gray streaked or faded hair, and make it soft and glossy. To a half pint of water add 1 ounce of bay rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ ounce of glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at very little cost, or any druggist can put it up for you. Apply to the hair twice a week until the desired shade is obtained. This will make a gray haired person look 20 years younger. This is not a dye, it does not color the most delicate scalp, is not sticky or greasy and does not rub off.

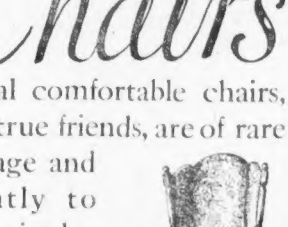
Don't wait to be coaxed—Hurry to Buy Liberty Bonds Today

Mahogany Chair or Rocker in tapestry, $25

Chairs

real comfortable chairs, like true friends, are of rare vintage and greatly to be prized.

HOW often is it said: "I haven't a comfortable chair in my home," which emphasizes the importance of a wise selection of one's chairs, requiring the advice of an expert as in buying automobiles or precious stones.



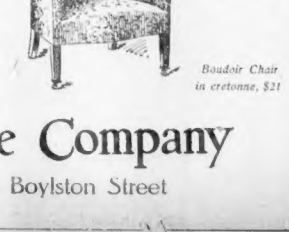
Mahogany Chair or Rocker in tapestry, $30

Mahogany Chair or Rocker, $17.50

Probably no store in the world shows greater variety of worthwhile chairs. Far too many to attempt to portray, but, rather, let the accompanying specimens of inexpensive yet worthwhile chairs serve as an invitation to see and enjoy Paine's collection of *more than 500 styles of chairs*, ready for immediate delivery to New England homes.

Mahogany and cane, $17.50

Likewise inexpensive furniture for every room in the home as well as *rugs and draperies*, all sold with Paine guarantee and service, which includes expert technical advice so important this year.



Boudoir Chair in cretonne, $21

Paine Furniture Company

Arlington Street, near Boylston Street

This Day in History

THIS is the anniversary of the opening of the first railroad in the United States in 1826. The road ran from Quincy, Mass., to tidewater, about three miles, and was used to transport granite. Flat iron bars were spiked on timbers, and the latter rested on granite sleepers.

Serbian Girl a Famous Soldier

MILUNKA SAVITCH, a girl sergeant in the Serbian army, who has fought for three years in all the battles of the 2d Serbian Regiment, has been awarded the Military Cross with palms, having already received the highest decoration—the Star of Karageorge.

The Burden of Proof

RELEASED BY SELECT PICTURES CO.

Unusual War Time Picture Drama Featuring Talented Marion Davies as Elaine Brooks

(Novelized from the motion picture, "The Burden of Proof," based on a drama by Victorien Sardou and produced by the Marion Davies Film Corporation. Staged by Julius Steger. Scenario by F. M. Weller. Screen version copyrighted.)

By Jane McLean

"ELAINE," he struggled hard to control his shaking voice, "Elaine, we all make mistakes—I love you—no matter what has happened—I love you! Won't you believe me?"

"Love me?" a scorn in her voice frightened him. "You talk of love to me. You stand there and tell me you love me, thinking I am a traitor to my country and to my husband! No, a thousand times no; only a woman who had done what you think I have done would accept such a love as that—I want none of it!"

"But, Elaine, you don't understand!" cried the frantic young man. "You have my forgiveness."

The word seemed to rouse her anger to the utmost.

"Don't come near me. You know your way out—this is no time for melodrama. I don't care to see you again!"

She turned as though to leave the room. Her husband seized her arm and with a wild impulse attempted to draw her to him. She offered no resistance, only the look in her eyes made him back away.

"Elaine!" his soul cried out in the name.

"There is nothing more to be said," she answered in a voice close to the breaking point. She watched her go with the awful feeling that he was losing all that he held dear.

This was the sequel to his wedding. Instead of a honeymoon trip he was starting forth on his married life beset with a haunting distrust of the woman he loved only to lose first his faith and then his bride.

Half crazed he staggered down the steps to the street and tried to plan out some escape from the agony that tormented him.

He waved his arms wildly at a taxi and in a loud voice gave his uncle's address.

From the Window

From the window of her room, Elaine, terrified, saw him drive away, then the strain proved too much, her eyes flooded, she burst into sobs and wept hysterically, crying out again and again: "Oh, Bob, how could you, how could you?"

It was late in the afternoon. Mr. Blair was not in his office and Ames went on to his home. He found him closeted in his library with several Secret Service men. The elder man rose hastily on seeing his nephew, whose distracted appearance he made the signal for hastily dismissing every one in the room.

"Well, my boy, what's the trouble, Ben? Why didn't you wait for me?"

"I couldn't. He dropped into a chair. "It's all off," he continued in a hopeless tone. "I asked Elaine—confronted her with the note."

"What!" His uncle's voice rang with a menace he had never heard before. "You accused her after what I said to you?"

"I asked her to explain. I begged her to tell me the truth. I told her it would make no difference in my love for her."

"And what did she say? No, don't tell me; I know what she said. There was only one thing she could say, and that was to send you about your business. Bob, permit me to ke my hat off to the biggest fool id the worst diplomat it has been y misfortune to meet for a long ne."

"Then you don't think——"

"Didn't I tell you that Elaine was innocent as you are?"

"But how do you——"

"See here, are you arguing to convict your wife of something she never dreamed of doing? Didn't I tell you to wait for me? Didn't I tell you not to lose faith? Didn't I tell you not to say anything you'd be sorry for?"

Mr. Blair snapped out these rapid-fire questions with an emphasis that added to the opinion he had just expressed of his nephew. He paused, but no reply was forthcoming.

"Did you do any of these things? No but one. Instead, you deliberately break the heart of a woman who would die rather than betray you."

Bob Ames buried his face in his hands.

"There might be a little excuse for you," his uncle went on; "with this web of circumstances pointing so clearly in one direction, if I hadn't warned you. Well, sir, I've never been in love, but if I had, I hope I'd have enough to trust the woman if that woman happened to be Elaine Brooks!"

"What can I do?"

Figure It Out

"Ah!" Mr. Blair paced back and forth. "That's the question you'll have to figure that out for yourself, but there's nothing too humiliating for you to try to do to win back your wife's regard."

"Then you know who—who——"

"I know no more now than I did when I left you on the street. What I knew then was the basis for my warning to you. Let me make a suggestion—spend the night with me and tomorrow morning at 10 sharp, in this room, you shall meet the person who sent Jack Mills' photograph to Amsterdam and stole the document from your portfolio.

The miserable Bob Ames sat like a ghost through dinner, nor did his uncle utter one remark calculated to minimize his agonized self-reproaches after his unpardonable conduct. The young man suffered to the full the penalty of his misguided action, and Mr. Blair left him to his own miserable thoughts shortly after the meal was finished.

"I've some business to do in connection with this matter, Bob, and I want you to stay here till I come back. Have I your word that you will not communicate with Elaine in the meantime?"

"Whatever you say, Uncle George."

To Be Continued.

SUGGESTED FOR LIGHT MEAT

ADVICE TO THE LOVELORN

By Beatrice Fairfax

Differences in Ages

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am nineteen and have been adopted by a wealthy family who have shown the greatest love for me. A good friend of theirs is madly in love with me, and asks me to marry him. Do you think I could ever learn to love him, as he is sixty-five? He is lively and a good dancer. He dresses very "loud," which shows he doesn't believe in his age.

RUTH.

I THINK it would be the greatest mistake for a girl of nineteen to marry a man of sixty-five, especially as you do not seem to love him.

Introduces Girl Friend

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I have been going with a young man steadily for the last three months and lately I introduced him to a girl friend of mine and he has changed him a great deal. I had a little quarrel with him and since then he does not ask me to go out with him any more. He comes to the house, stays a little while, talks to my mother and then goes away again. What would you do about it?

ANXIOUS.

THERE is really nothing to advise but to wait and see if the old friendly relationship will not come back of its own accord. And in the meantime, try to avoid showing any petulance against the young lady who seems to have supplanted you. Your friend must still have some interest in you or he would not come to your house regularly. Perhaps he may think the trouble is with you.

Who Should Call First

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am a young man and have been keeping company with a girl for the past six months, and by going to her home three times a week I have naturally met all her family. But whenever I speak to her about coming to my house to meet my mother, whom she has never seen, she refuses by saying it would be more proper for my mother to call on her first.

G. F.

IF the young lady is determined to stand on her formal "rights," the man's family makes the first call on his fiancee. But it would be an entirely gracious and proper thing for the young lady to waive formality and allow you to take her to your mother, particularly as she is an old lady.

Fletcher's Tea

The delightful aroma of this high-grade tea is a sure proof that it will give perfect satisfaction.

Fletcher's Tea meets every requirement of the most discriminating taste.

Order today of your grocer,

E. L. Fletcher Co.,
BOSTON

Two New Fall Suits and Theatre Hat

Here are a tailored suit in trench brown, with trimming of seal, and a conservation suit for street, with self-covered buttons. The latter is of dark gray, trimmed with mink.

In the centre is a flower-crowned hat for the Fall of deep purple pansies, the brim being of a lighter shade of georgette. Suitable for theatre or formal affair.

Photos by Joel Fuller

RECIPES FOR WARTIME

CASSEROLE OF VEAL

Cut the veal from the leg in slices about three-quarters of an inch in thickness; cut these in pieces for serving and lard them. Have five tablespoonfuls of hot fat pork in a frying-pan, add two pounds of the veal, and fry until nicely browned. Put the veal into a casserole dish and add an onion into which three cloves have been pressed, two sprigs of parsley, one bay-leaf, and enough stock or boiling water almost to cover the veal; add three peeled tomatoes cut in slices and salt and pepper to taste. Cover the dish and cook for an hour and a half. Mushrooms may be used in this dish, and when desired the liquid may be thickened with a little flour mixed with cold water to a thin paste. Remove the onion and parsley before serving.

MASHED TURNIPS

Pare and quarter some large turnips, put them into boiling salted water and boil until perfectly tender. Drain them in a colander and press the water thoroughly out of them. Then rub them through the colander with a wooden spoon, place them in a clean saucepan, stir them over the fire for a few minutes to dry them; then add a little salt, pepper and one heaping tablespoonful of hot milk or cream. Stir the turnips for six minutes longer until the butter is quite melted and well mixed with them. Serve very hot.

BEAN RISSOLES

Ingredients—Half a pound of butter beans, one small onion, two ounces of bacon or ham, a little curry powder, one tablespoonful of flour, a little gravy and seasonings. Soak the beans over night, and the next day bake them till a pale brown; boil the onion till soft, then chop, and, having put the bacon and the beans through the mincing machine, mix well with the seasoning and curry. Moisten with a little gravy, form into balls and fry a golden brown, or, failing the fat for this, let them brown in the oven.

A CHEAP SPICED CAKE.

Rub half a pound of dripping or margarine into two pounds of flour. Dissolve a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda in rather less than half a pint of milk—half the quantity should be sour—and pour it into the flour. Add four tablespoonfuls of brown sugar, a dessertspoonful of mixed spice, two tablespoonfuls of golden syrup, and one pound of raisins, stoned and chopped. Line a cake tin with thick paper, well greased, and bake in a moderate oven for two and a half hours.

The Plotters

A SERIAL OF EAST AND WEST

By Virginia Terhune Van de Water

Copyright, 1918, Star Company.

CHAPTER XLVIII.—Continued.

IN the centre of the room stood John Butler, as white as death.

At his feet lay the body of Amos Chapin, blood coding from a bullet-wound in his temple.

CHAPTER XLIX.

THERE was a moment of intense silence. Elizabeth's reeling brain tried to grasp the meaning of the scene before her.

Then the stillness was rent by a shriek as Mrs. Chapin rushed forward and dropped on her knees by the body of her husband.

"He's dead! he's dead!" she screamed. "O, my God! my God!"

Elizabeth's senses returned to her suddenly. Running forward, she put her arms about the distraught woman.

"Mrs. Chapin!" she said sternly, "stop that screaming! It can do no good. We must send at once for a doctor."

At the authoritative tone Martha Chapin ceased her wailing, but continued to crouch by the prostrate form of the man who had ruled her for thirty-five years. Elizabeth bent over her, trying to lift her. As if awakened from a trance, John Butler stepped forward hastily.

"Let me do that!" he demanded, pushing the girl aside.

When he had carried the wife into the parlor and persuaded her to lie down there until he could telephone for assistance, he returned to where Elizabeth stood awaiting him. As he entered the room, she pointed to the pistol on the table.

"Was it done with that?" she asked, sharply.

"I don't know," John replied, shuddering, as he looked at the body on the floor. "I don't know what happened. I don't—putting his hand to his head, confusedly—I don't remember. I only know that we were quarreling—and then I heard a shot—and he fell. Why"—as if suddenly realizing what had happened—"I suppose it looks as if I had done it."

"Try to think, dear," she urged. "Did Amos shoot himself? Did he point the pistol at you, and did you try to get it away from him? And did it go off in the struggle?"

He shook his head. "I don't know how it happened. He showed me the pistol when we first came into the room. Then we talked of other things. He got angry—and I had just told him that the farm would not be his—and he sprang toward me as if to strike me—then there was a flash, and he fell."

"We must send for a doctor immediately," Elizabeth said. "But," forcing herself to lay her hand over the heart of the dead man, and to put her fingers on his wrist, "there is not a flicker here. Hark!" A foot step sounded on the veranda. "Here comes somebody!"

She ran out into the hall when a knock sounded on the open front door. A man stood looking in.

"I was passing the gate," he explained, "and I heard someone scream. I thought I'd best come in and see what was wrong. Chapin is an old neighbor," he added, "so I thought I'd take the liberty——"

He stopped as Mrs. Chapin came out of the parlor. At sight of the man, she burst into tears.

"Oh, Mr. Miller!" she sobbed, "an awful thing's happened! Amos has——"

"Hush, dear!" Elizabeth interposed. "Mr. Miller, there has been a dreadful accident here," she explained to the man, who by now had come into the hall. "Mr. Chapin has been shot. Will you send for the doctor—or whatever person one should send for? The telephone is there," pointing to the back hall.

Going back into the small room where John still lingered, Elizabeth spoke hastily.

"Dear, come out of here and leave everything just as it is. A neighbor has arrived, and is telephoning to the village for help. We can do nothing until the doctor gets here. Meanwhile, try to remember all that happened. You will have to answer a number of questions, you know."

"Elizabeth"—the man caught her by the hand—"dear—you know that it is a mystery to me, don't you? You believe that if I could remember."——

To Be Continued.

SUGGESTED FOR LIGHT MEAT

A CONTRADICTION

When a young man Rear-Admiral Stephen B. Luce, of the United States Navy, was extremely popular with the "smart set" at Newport. With him on the same ship was a stern disciplinarian, ever on the lookout for some neglect of duty. After a round of pleasure one evening Luce met this martinet, who remarked sharply: "Mr. Luce, you're tight!" "Pardon me, sir!" Luce promptly replied. "If Stephen B. Luce, how can he be tight?"

SILK MOLLUSC.

The mollusc pinna, poetically known as the "silkworm of the sea," not only spins a very beautiful silk, which is utilized to some extent commercially, but produces a surprising abundance of jet-black pearls.

HOME-MADE COUGH SYRUP

Cured Husband And Child, Wife And Mother States.

Mrs. A. Jennings, 1734 Armitage avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I heard of Mentho-Laxene about two years ago, and since then would not be without it. My husband had been coughing for about four years, summer and winter, and now he is cured of it, and for my child I think there is nothing better in the world for a cold, for it helps at once!"

The best cough, cold and catarrh medicine ever found is the essence Mentho-Laxene. Directions with 2½-ounce bottle, concentrated, tell how to make at home a full pint of delicious, curative medicine.—Advertisement.

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counteracts the bad effect of sun, wind and dust upon your complexion

The smoke and dust of city life, and the sun and wind of the country, spell ruin for good complexions. But Resinol Ointment, aided by Resinol Soap repairs the damage done in this way and helps to keep the skin clear, clean and fresh.

Resinol Ointment is cooling, soothing and healing to an irritated skin. It contains medicinal agents that are in no way harsh or harmful and may be used without hesitation.

All druggists sell Resinol Soap and Ointment. Why don't you try them?

The Pawns Count

By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM

A Thrilling Story of an American Girl and German Intrigue in This Country

CHAPTER XXV.—Continued.

"YOU carry one very serious secret in your heart," he told her gravely, "one little pain which must sometimes stab you. You are a Frenchwoman, and yet—"

Lutchester paused for a moment. Sonia, too, seemed suddenly to have awakened into a state of tense and vivid emotion. The cigarette burned away between her fingers. Her great eyes were fixed upon Lutchester. There was something almost like fear in their questioning depths.

"Finish! Finish!" she insisted. "Continue!"

"And yet," he went on, "your very dear friend, the friend for whose sake you are here in America, is your country's enemy."

She raised herself a little upon the couch.

"That is not true," she declared furiously. "Maurice loves France. His heart aches for the misery that has come upon her. It's your country only which he hates. If France had but possessed the courage to stand by herself, to resist when England forced her friendship upon her, none of this tragedy would ever have happened. Maurice has told me so himself. France could have peace today, peace at her own price."

"There is no peace which would leave France with a soul, save the peace which follows victory," Lutchester replied sternly.

She crushed her cigarette nervously in her fingers, threw it away, and lit another.

"I will not talk of these things with you," she cried. "It was not for this that I am a changed man. I am older than when we met last, and there are the other things. You remember the Chateau d'Albert?"

"Of course!" she murmured. "And the young Duc d'Albert's wonderful house party. We all motored there from Paris. You and I were together! You have forgotten that, eh?"

"I lay in that orchard for two days," he went on grimly, "with a hole in my side and one leg pretty nearly done for. I saw things I can never forget, in those days, Sonia. D'Albert himself was killed. It was in that first mad rush. Of the Chateau there remains but four blackened walls."

"Pauvre enfant!" she murmured. "But you are well and strong again now, is it not so? You will not fight again, eh? You were never a soldier, dear friend."

"Just now," he confided, "I have other work to do. It is that other work which has brought me to America."

She drew him a little closer to her. Her eyes questioned him.

"There is, perhaps, now," she asked, "a woman in your life?"

"There is," he admitted.

She made a grimace.

"But how clumsy to tell me, even though I asked," she exclaimed. "What is she like? . . . But no, I do not wish to hear of her! If she is all the world to you, why did you send me that little note? Why are you here?"

"Because we were once dear friends, Sonia," he said, "because I wish to save you from great trouble.

She shrank from him a little fearfully.

"What do you mean?"

"Sonia," he continued, with a note of sternness in his tone, "during the last two years you have gone back and forth between New York and Paris, six times. I do not think that you can make that journey again."

She was standing now, with one hand gripping the edge of the table.

"John! . . . John! . . . What do you mean?" she demanded, and this time her own voice was heard.

To Be Continued.

Cadum Ointment quickly heals Pimples

Cadum Ointment makes pimples dry up and fall off, leaving the skin soft and smooth. Its soothing, antiseptic and healing powers stop the itching at once. Cadum Ointment is also good for rash, blotches, scaly skin, eruptions, sores, burns, chafings, ringworm, scabs, itch, insect bites, etc.

Protects and Cleanses the Tender Skin

MANY toilet soaps are much too harsh for children's skins. The excess alkali removes the protective oils so that the skin chaps and chafes easily. Ordinary soaps, too, are not sufficiently cleansing to keep youthful skins healthy and wholesome.

20 MULE TEAM BO RAXO Bath and Toilet Powder

gives both protection and real cleanliness because the Borax in BO-RAXO softens, soothes and sterilizes—and does what no soap can, cleanses the pores of all dirt and impurities.

Don't risk the use of ordinary soaps. Get a can of BO-RAXO and teach the children to use it. You, too, will find its rich, daintily perfumed lather wonderfully beneficial in toilet and bath.

At all Dealers 15c and 30c

BRINGING UP FATHER

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By George McManus

REMEMBER-I DON'T WANT YOU TO TALK TO ANY WAITER WHEN WE GO IN TO EAT.
HOW AM I GOIN' TO ORDER THEN
THANK GOODNESS HE DOESN'T KNOW THE WAITER-
GIVE THIS PERSON MY ORDER-MAGGIE-
HOW DID YOU LIKE THE WAY I TREATED THAT WAITER?
I WAS GLAD YOU DIDN'T KNOW HIM-
OH! I KNOW HIM ALL RIGHT- BUT WE HAD A FIGHT IN DINTY'S AN' WE DON'T SPEAK-
!

BARON BEAN

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The Baron Compromises

HELLO "BARON"
HELLO "GRIMES"
WHAT HAVE YOU DECIDED TO DO ABOUT YOUR WIFE'S ORDERS THAT YOU EITHER "WORK, OR FIGHT"?
I HAVE AT DECIDED "GRIMES"
YOU HAVE AT DECIDED "BARON"?
I HAVE NOT
SHE HAS
CLEAN UP THEM CRUCKERY - CLEAN UP THEM YOU SWINE

ABIE THE AGENT

Copyright, 1918, International Feature Service, Inc.—Registered U. S. Patent Office.

Abie Can't Think of Anything Else They'd Say

BY GOLLEH, I DON'T SEE MINSK LATELY- I'M TERRIBLE GLAD I DON'T RUN INTO HIM NO MORE!
HE JUST PASSED HERE - THAT'S MINSK!
HELLO, ABE, HELLO - I AINT SEEN YOU FOR A LONG TIME
YEH, THAT'S THE TRUE - WHAT ARE YOU STENDING DOING HERE
ONE OF THE FELLERS IN THAT CROWD IS MAKING REMARKS ABOUT ME.
IT'S A SHAME, MINSK - WHO CALLED YOU A DIRTY FAKING GREFTER?

POLLY AND HER PALS

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Ashur's Got Something to Talk About Now

OH DEAR! OH DEAR! HOW HORRIBLE!
AH' HIM IN THE ARMY CULLY A WEEK!
WOT'S ALL THE EXCITEMEAT?
HAINT Y' HEARD AS HOW ASHUR'S BEEN SHOT A'READY?
SHOT?
YEP! THREE TIMES!
TWICE IN THIS ARM AN' ONCE IN THIS!
I DIDN'T MIND THE VACCINATION, ALONE? BUT THEM DERN HYPERDERMICS HURTS!!

US BOYS

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

The Kid Looks a Lot Relieved

WILL YOU LISTEN AT ME WHILE I SING A SONG EMILY PLEASE? IT'S A BEAUTIFOL SONG IT IS! I WANNA TRY MY LOKE
I'M SO SORRY, BUT I THINK I HAVE AN ENGAGEMENT OR SOMETHING!
WANT ME TO LISTEN?
GEE WHIZZ I'D LIKE TO GET SOMEBODY TO LISTEN. WILL YOU DO IT?
SURE, GO AHEAD, SHOOT, BUT MAKE IT QUICK!
GEE WHIZZ, YOU DON'T HAFTA LISTEN, IF YOU DON'T WANNA!
GOSH, THANKS!
Tom McNAMARA

OVER HERE

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"Teaching" Willie How to Play Checkers

POP TEACHES WILLIE HOW TO PLAY CHECKERS.
I WISH YOU PEOPLE WOULD KEEP QUIET, HOW CAN I TEACH WILLIE TO PLAY?
IT'S SO NOISY HE CAN'T HEAR HIMSELF MOVE.
AND IT'S POP'S BOARD TOO.
HE'S A NICE DOPE
THAT'S THE TENTH GAME FOR ME POP.
HOW CAN POP WIN THIS GAME, WHEN THE KID IS HOLDING FOUR KINGS.
DON'T MOVE THAT ONE, WILLIE, YOU CAN GET THREE WITH THE OTHER ONE. "BUBBER" HE PLAYS A BLOCK GAME.
YOU'LL HAFTA MOVE OUTTA HERE I'M GOIN TO SERVE DINNER.
MOM PUTS A CHECK ON THE GAME.
I KNOW POP WON'T WIN A GAME
IF POP DOESN'T WIN HE'LL THROW THE BOARD IN THE FIRE
HATTIE WANTS A "CHECK" FOR A HAT, THAT'LL MAKE POP "JUMP."
"HOW" "DEARIE" DON'T PLAY CHECKERS, BUT THEY'RE GOING TO MOVE TOWARDS THE PARLOR IN A MINUTE.
IF A CENSOR WENT OFF BEHIND YOU STUFF AND YOU DIDN'T MOVE WOULD IT BE FAIR TO PICK YOU UP FOR NOT JUMPING?
BUY LIBERTY BONDS AND W.S.S AND HELP WIN THIS WAR.
DON'T PLAY CHECKERS WITH YOUR LANDLORD YOU MAY BE FORCED TO "MOVE".
CALAMITY JANE
MOM WON'T HAVE TO STOP THE GAME, HERE'S THE BEST LIL' GAME BUSTER EVER.
YOUNG NUISANCE
COMEDIAN
YOU SHOULD GET CROWNED FOR THAT.
HOW MANY MOVES IN A GAME OF CHECKERS
HIGH COST OF LIVING
OL' JOHN DON'T

ISSUE APPEAL FOR PEACH STONES

FATHER IN FRANCE.

RACE GETTING WARMER.

Travel Guide.

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IF YOU WANT TO STORE YOUR CAR FOR Winter Call up for rates

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SECOND-HAND CARS in any condition at bank prices. Inquire 8 TUFTS SQUARE JUNK CO., 8 Morton av., Medford.

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CHAS. S. NORRIS

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BEST BARGAINS PIANOS AND PLAYERS NEW AND USED

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BABY GRAND PIANO FOR SALE

WANTED
PIANO WANTED

PIANOS—RIGHT PRICES

PIANOS, $1 A WEEK.

Music.
PIANOS TUNED, $2

RAGTIME

FOR OTHER CLASSIFIED ADS. SEE PAGES 8 AND 9.

BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTS

WILLARD FAILS TO DO BIT

Heavyweight Champion Should Be Forced to Help War Charities, Claims Expert

By ED W. SMITH.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—He wasteful in nothing is the slogan of the day. It is absolutely necessary with the country at war and allies to help that in every direction and in every particular all resource of this wonderful land must be conserved to the limit. Nothing must be allowed to go to waste.

There is one man in this country who is utterly wasting a most valuable asset. His name is Jess Willard, and his asset, now all too firmly in his possession, is the heavyweight championship of the world.

Willard is a waster, in that he is permitting the title to lie in utter idleness. If he so willed he could bring it to the light of day for the use of the numerous war charities and get them thousands upon thousands of dollars.

LET OPPORTUNITY SLIDE.

Failing to do so with this end in sight, Willard should be forced to do it. That is plain when one comes to think of it.

There is no greater attraction in the world than a world's champion in fighting array.

There is no greater spectacle than "the best man in the world" going into action and defending his honors against another who may have been acclaimed as the next best.

No athletic event possible of suggestion equals the same for pulling as far as gate receipts go. Nothing reaches it in the matter of public attention, public interest and remuneration.

Given without any actual contest Willard could have made, had he so willed, a wonderful thing of his title without once risking his ownership of it.

He could have commercialized it—for the funds of such an extent that thousands upon thousands of dollars would have poured in.

BENEFIT FROM TOURS.

He could have taken a tour of the country—several tours, in fact—without great inconvenience and little expense to himself—for each benefit shown, given hither and yon for this camp and that one, for the filling up the dollars for the funds but giving endless entertainment to athletic camp activities, showing the virtue of what physical training can do and imbuing the necessary spirit of fighting determined and courage.

The Kansas man mountain has done nothing of the kind. He shakes himself out of his lethargy semi-occasionally and appears at some benefit, usually in an obscure place.

As a matter of fact, his trip to Chicago for the ill-starred Salvation Army benefit was one of the few moves of any importance he has made during the time of America's entrance into the big struggle.

DOES NOT NEED MONEY.

Willard is a man of independent means. He doesn't need to fight to support his family.

The American people, by its patronage of his show enterprises, made him safe financially for the remainder of his life.

He owes the people of this country a debt of gratitude and could show it in no better way, now that his people are at war with and at war with nations that are having a critical struggle on their hands for the very lives, than by not relinquishing his title, not for his own aggrandizement and profit, but for war funds.

If Willard had done this months ago, thousands upon thousands would have been obtained in the easiest manner possible.

He should be told that his title is now, in war times, a public asset and nothing to stow away in a safety deposit vault and allowed to mold and go into dry rot.

In a word, he should be made to parade it where the parading will do the most good for the soldiers and sailors of this country.

There is no halfway ground in the matter at all.

PURCHASE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

STUDENT SOLDIER TEAM TO REPRESENT CORNELL

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Cornell will put a football team on the gridiron after all. It will be made up of men from the Students' Army Training Corps, which will be allowed limited time to practice, and may arrange some sort of schedule for November games.

Dr. A. H. Sharpe, football coach of the Ithacans, announced this morning that Cornell S. A. T. C. as assistant medical examiner. It is reported that he soon will be commissioned a captain and asked to develop a football team from members of the corps.

PURCHASE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

PITTSBURGH WILL MEET PENN ON NOVEMBER 16

Philadelphia, Oct. 7.—Arrangements have been completed for the football game between the University of Pennsylvania and Pittsburgh.

The game will be played at Pittsburgh November 16, the date originally set for the contest with Georgia Tech. It was found that the Pennsylvania team could make the trip to Pittsburgh and return within the time prescribed by the students' training corps rules. Major Smith, commandant at the university, gave his permission to stage the game.

THE MEETING will now adjourn.

SILK-HAT HARRY

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THAT BATH ROBE IN ALL FIXED AGAIN—DIDN'T I DO A GOOD JOB?
GEE I WOULDN'T KNOW IT—IT WAS A RUIN WHEN YOU BROUGHT IT HOME
OH WE CAN MEND ANYTHING
YOU WOMEN CERTAINLY ARE WONDERS WITH YOUR SEWING FOR THE SOLDIERS—SEE THAT ROOST AS GOOD AS NEW NOW
WHATCHA GONNA DO WITH MY FAVORITE SILK SHIRT?
THROW IT AWAY
IT HATH A BIG HOLE IN IT NEAR THE COLLAR BAND
BARUM WAS RIGHT

NAVAL GRIDIRON STARS OUT FOR TITLE TEAMS

Washington, Oct. 7.—Football is the most popular sport in the various army and navy training camps this fall, according to reports received by the War and Navy Departments' Commission on Training Camp Activities. Most of the college football stars have entered the service, and teams in the Committee on Athletic Training Camps, athletic directors are making extensive plans to utilize these men in the formation of championship contests, regimental and company elevens.

Although the pick of former college football stars that twinkled last season in the uniforms of the various naval station elevens will be on the shine, many players being transferred to active sea service, it is said that the best men enrolled in the teams will be even better than a year ago.

Preliminary to the football played by Walter Camp, head of the Athletic division of the Navy Commission on Training Camp Activities, it is made clear that football will form the principal feature of the Fall program for sports in every Naval Station from Machias, Me., to Miami, Fla., on the Atlantic seaboard and from Puget Sound, Washington, to San Diego, Cal., on the Pacific Slope.

Installed in the Naval Stations by Mr. Camp as athletic directors are a dozen coaches whose names are familiar to followers of the gridiron sport. Calls for preliminary practice have already issued from these coaches. The response has been gratifying.

PURCHASE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

SCOTT FIELD FLIERS TO HAVE NEW GYM

St. Louis, Oct. 7.—Athletes at Scott Field, the aviation camp near Belleville, Ill., will have a gymnasium of their own this winter, it was announced today by Lieutenant Colonel Morgan, sixty years "young," was the oldest man in the race.

Charley Harvey won the five-mile open for the professionals when Arthur Linden, who held Frank Kramer's chances of winning by foul riding.

Ray Eaton won the half-mile handicap; George Chapman, the Australian pursuit race, and Menus Jacobs the mile open and out invitation. Thus Lang won the handicap and the two-mile open.

PURCHASE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

FISTIC COMMENT

By RINGSIDE.

ANOTHER TOUGH week is in store for the fight fans as there will be no shows staged at the Boston Arena or Mechanics' Building and Kid Johnson has been given the round Tuesday, October 15, featuring Jack Britton of New York. * * *

COUPLE OF fight fans discussing the stay of Jack Dempsey in Boston, broke down one day and a relief fund was started for the benefit of the former champion. Some fellow who had a few dollars to spare suggested that they buy Jack a ticket to Chicago, but the idea was turned down when it was learned that Jack had a ticket to Chicago in his pocket and was on his way to the Windy City when he was stopped in Boston. * * *

ROCKY KANSAS of Buffalo and Patsy Haley of Boston are to meet in the main event at the Arena next Saturday night. * * *

THERE IS considerable interest in the Jack Dempsey-Bartley Leonard bout Wednesday night at the Boston Arena. Tickets for the advance sale is said to have reached over the $2,000 mark and the indications are that the house tonight will be better than the $3,000 mark. Dempsey is to receive 50 per cent of the gross receipts, while his opponent will get 25 per cent. Pretty soft money for this pair, say we. * * *

SOMEBODY MITEMIXED IN the other day that Gilbert Gallant was going to make a comeback. Rather sure that Gil was a cocker all one time. According to all the record books, Gallant has been a pugilist for some time. * * *

SEVERAL LOCAL promoters are said to be bidding for a match between Joe Rivers and George Robinson. There's a couple of boys that should make a great bout! Another pair that would fill any club are Lee and Gray, the Chelsea boxers. * * *

THE MEETING will now adjourn.

LOSS OF CAPTAIN SERIOUS BLOW TO ANNAPOLIS TEAM

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 7.—The hard luck of the navy football team has been continued by the serious illness of William A. Ingram, captain of the team and star backfield man. Ingram's illness is felt by the team all the more, coming as it does in the wake of the depletion of the team by influenza and minor injuries and the disarrangement of the schedule.

Ingram was taken ill at Indianapolis, where he had gone to attend the funeral of his brother, Lieutenant Homer L. Ingram. Latest reports of his condition are reassuring.

Tom Butler Annexes The Old Timers' Bike Race

Newark, Oct. 7.—Tom Butler of Boston, the sprint champion of American in 1888, sprung a "come back" at the Velodrome when he won the second annual "Old Timers' Bicycle Race" from a field of ten veteran riders.

Walter Babb of Paterson, was second, and Ed Aker of Indianapolis, third; Eddie Mcbuffee of Boston, fourth, and Charley Wells of Oakland, Cal., fifth.

The other starters in the race were Senator William J. Morgan and John J. Gillen of Newark, Joe Judge, Spring Valley, N. Y.; Arthur Gardiner, Denver, Col., and Ed Spooner of Detroit.

John Gillen is a brother of the Manager of Newark, Jack Gillen. Morgan, sixty years "young," was the oldest man in the race.

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PURCHASE FOR LIBERTY BONDS

HERMANN TO PROBE 1919 BASEBALL CHANCES

Cincinnati, Oct. 7.—August Hermann, chairman of the National Commission, recently said: "Major league ball for 1919 depends entirely on the authorities at Washington. Measures will soon be taken to ascertain the opinion of those in control.

"If it seems best to the government that baseball should stay dormant for another season the magnates will cheerfully obey."

The Boston American

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Legal and Public Notices.

Justice of the Peace, Notary

DAY OR NIGHT. ALWAYS HOME. ALBERT GREY, 44 CORTEZ ST., near 202 Columbus av. Phone Beach 5216-J for appointment NOW.

Proposals.

BOSTON ELEVATED RAILWAY COMPANY. The trustees of the Boston Elevated Railway Company desire bids for relocating and repairing track and relaying paving on Dudley street, Brighton, from Market to Washington street to near Webster street.

For plans and specifications apply to the office of the Chief Engineer of Maintenance of Way, Room 908, 101 Milk street, Boston.

Bids close at 12 o'clock noon, Thursday, October 10, 1918.

Printing.

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $4.35. Envelopes, $2.75; 1,000 letter heads, $4.50. HEFFERNAN PRESS, 31 Bromfield st.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.

16 and 18 Size Model

Waltham Watches 50c Down 50c Week

These Watches are guaranteed for 20 YEARS. Price $18.00

Mail Orders Promptly Filled. Dept. A.

LENOX JEWELRY CO.

373 Washington St., Boston
Fifth Floor—Take Elevator

ROY PAYS CASH

Full Value for Diamonds

Gold, Silver, Platinum, Collateral Loan Tickets bought, larger loans on same, low interest. J. ROY, 77 Summer st., Room 511, tel. Beach 5455.

ALSTERLUND

WILL BUY your diamonds, old gold, silver, platinum and gems, and pay full cash value. 15 Bromfield st., rm. 305. Main 1953, est. 1906.

$1 DOWN Diamonds and Watches. $1 A WEEK. Large stock, lowest prices. L. H. SCHACK & CO., 5 Bromfield St.

Real Estate—Miscellaneous.

12 LOTS

Walnut Hill Road
Newton Centre
$250 Each, $50 Down
$5 Per Month
BONELLI-ADAMS CO.
60 State St. Tel. Main 5305

10-ROOM SINGLE HOUSE

Best Section Malden
$4,700, $500 Down,
$20 Per Month
BONELLI-ADAMS CO.
60 State St. Tel. Main 5305

WALL PAPER RELIABLE FIRM SAME OLD STAND HICKEY'S 180 Friend St, Near North Station

CAMBRIDGE BARGAIN

FOR SALE—7, 7 and 8 family houses in select location in Cambridge; must be sold in good condition and can be had at great bargain prices from $3,000 to $5,000. Apply to JOHN F. SULLIVAN, 6299 Beacon st., Brookline; tel. Brookline 2190.

PAINT $1.85 a Gal. 48 Shades, Best for Color Card. Varnishes at ¼ price. PALVEY PAINT WAREHOUSE (5 Stores) 59 Canal St., 54 Pearl St., Boston

FLOOR VARNISH that has made a reputation for our paint dept. Glover Roof Paint Co., 1178 Washington st. Alfred Peats Co., 118 Summer st.

CAMP—$35

$35 DOWN and $8 month buys my gunning and fishing camp, in grove, 2 minutes to large lake near Framingham. Apply Bonelli-Adams, Inc.

CHANCE LIFETIME—$150 down buys 10 family house, Broadway, South Boston. E 72. Huron American.

Real Estate—Belmont.

TO BUY, sell or mortgage property, See WILLARD E. CHERRY, Cam. 633 or 8616.

Real Estate—Brighton.

GOOD CHANCE! GOOD BUY! 2 FAMILIES, 5-5, all modern conveniences, everything separate, first-class location, low price, $9,500. Owner, 1 Brighton Ave., Room 1229 Beacon st., Brookline; tel. Brookline 2190.

Real Estate—Brookline.

$3,500—2-family, 5-5, all conveniences, 251 MRS. GATES, 782 Huntington av., Brookline 4973-M.

Real Estate—Dorchester.

Dorchester Apartment House

FOR SALE—Apartment house of 12 rooms, all improvements, strictly modern, in best section of Boston; income last season for $7,000; price $6,850, easy terms. Apply to F. T. HIGGINS, 24 Harvard st., Dorchester. Tel. Dorchester 5200.

LARGE CAPITAL LIST: Dorchester, Ashmont and Mattapan, 1, 2 and 3-family houses; also business properties. CARLSON, 121 Woodrow av., Dorchester; tel. 431.

Real Estate—Roxbury.

ROXBURY—ELM HILL.

BARGAIN—8 rooms and bath. Improvements; 4,000 sq. ft. land, mortgaged for $2,000 at 5½; price only $3,500. Apply to OWEN & SON, 300 Warren st., Roxbury; phone Rox. 1700.

ANOTHER BARGAIN—House in Dorchester, 8 rooms, modern; repaired like new; good yard, good location; price $2,300, $400 cash. F. H. HUNT, Tel. Dor. 253 Dorchester.

Real Estate—Winthrop.

HOUSES FOR SALE—Hood apartments, 6 rooms furnished. Apartments and houses to let. Hingham and Nantasket. MOORE, room 1, registry. MOORE, opposite Highland Station Winthrop.

Houses to Let and Wanted.

CAMBRIDGE—House of eight rooms and bath, all improvements; rent $37.50. 1 Walker st., off Cambridge st., near Charles River. Cam. 5117-W.

2 FAMILY house, free rent to Nov. 1. MRS. WILLIAMS, Suite 1, 3788 Washington st.

COTTAGE—5 rooms, bath, furnace, hardwood floors and gas ranges, large garden; $18. 193-A West Chester park, Mattapan.

Storage.

NEW ENGLAND STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 32 George st., Allston (15 minutes from Park st.)—2000 sanitary rooms, with fire house where furniture vans are taken direct from residences. Tel. Allston 2000. Phone 1160 Roxbury.

STORAGE WAREHOUSE
540 Washington St. Tel. Beach 5
Rooms $1 a Month Insured and Bonded.

Upholstery.

RE-UPHOLSTERING, repairing; write for our special low prices. STAR UPHOLSTERING CO., 194 Main st., Charlestown; phone 912-W.

Apartments—Back Bay.

NEW YORK APARTMENTS, 1 TO 8 ROOMS with unfurnished entrance hall, 1 Gloucester, Brook and Alston, $20 to $80. E. WHITE, 341 Beacon st., tel. B. B. 1210; auto service.

1 AND 2-room suites; conveniences, quiet; reasonable to desirable adults. BISHOP, 166 Hemenway st.

Apartments—Beachmont.

TO LET—12 Montfern av., near steam and electric cars, lower apt., 3 rooms, bath, h. and s. water, range and gas; rent $17. Apply on premises or address H. S. DEAN, Sayre, Mass.

Female Help Wanted. Male Help Wanted.

THE AETNA MILLS
Watertown, Mass.
NEED MEN AND WOMEN

Desiring to assist in producing cloth for the United States Army and Navy. Experience not necessary. Beginners will be well paid while learning; good pay and steady work.

Apply at U. S. Employment Service Offices
128 Federal St., 53 Canal St.
8 Kneeland St. and Boston Common

The U. S. Employment Service
Needs Able Bodied

MEN BOYS AND WOMEN GIRLS

for Work on United States Army Shoes at L. Q. WHITE SHOE CO., Bridgewater, Mass.

Apply at U. S. Employment Service Offices
128 Federal St., 53 Canal St.
8 Kneeland St. and Boston Common

Apartments—Cambridge.

4 AND 5-room suites, heated, $30 to $45. See Janitor, 881 Mass. av.

Apartments—Dorchester.

FURNISHED and unfurnished apartments, 2, 3 and 4 rooms; rent reasonable. O. C. EMERSON, 11A Everett av., Upham's Corner; tel. Dor. 1608-M.

Apartments—Malden.

101 PLYMOUTH RD.—3 comfortable furnished housekeeping rooms, gas, coal range, hot and cold water, set tubs, street floor, $9 week, $39 month. Tel. 552-W or apply after 6:30 p. m.

Apartments—Roxbury.

TENEMENTS of six rooms, separate toilets, set tubs and gas; all newly repaired and painted in best of condition, near the Mission Church, rent $10 and $11 per month. 54 Comet st., apply to J. P. DALEY, 2298 Washington st.

HOTEL GRELLET, 24 Hammond st.—3 and 4-room suites, $10 to $14. Apply JANITOR.

Apartments—Somerville.

WINTER HILL—Upper half new 2-family house, 7 rooms, 2 baths; $45. Call Owner, MRS. GATES, Brockton 4973-M.

Apartments—South Boston.

40 THOMAS PARK—7 rooms and bath, in good condition, rent reasonable to right people.

7 GLOVER CT., 4 rooms, toilet, gas, $2.25; 5 Ward Pl., 5 rooms, toilet, gas, $2. 2 Gooch ct., $1.50.

LADIES and gentlemen, we will train you for the movies, dramatics or vaudeville. Call or write; inclose stamp. 160 Brighton st., Room 6-C.

Female Situations Wanted.

WHITE woman does clothes' cleaning; taxes home. MRS. LEE; Brighton 839-M.

Male Situations Wanted.

FOUNDRY foreman wants position; 30 years' experience in moulding, foreman and superintendent. Address D 90, Boston American.

Male Help—Miscellaneous.

HATS HATS

Hat Bodies $1.98 soft hats, $1.85; sample soft hat bodies, $2.50 and $3; silk hat bodies, $3.50; silk hats, $4.85; men's $1.50 Fur caps, $1.

UNION HAT CO.
129 HANOVER ST., Opposite Hanover Theatre

9 AUTO LESSONS $5

FULL AUTOMOBILE COURSE $15

CLEVELAND CARS, license guaranteed, positions secured; open evenings. VINCENT, 4 Appleton st., near Castle sq.

AUTO LESSONS $5

FULL auto course, $15; mechanical course, $10; license guaranteed, position secured; open day and evening. Call, write or phone. 30 Ferdinand st., city, near Park sq.; Beach 56420.

CLEMENT system of education and elocution men-women, 18 or over; $1.102 to start; examinations Oct. 30; thousands appointments; common education sufficient; free booklet. CLEMENT INSTITUTE, Dept. M 502, Rochester, N. Y.

Furnished Rooms—Somerville.

SCHOOL ST., 282—2 rooms, kitchenette, $5.50 week; garage, 284-J.

Furnished Rooms—South Boston.

K ST., 304—Two connecting furnished rooms, for light housekeeping, $3 per week.

Board and Rooms.

NURSE will take patients in private home. MRS. H. L. HANAN, 1000 Wyoming av., Melrose.

INVALIDS—Chronic and elderly people cared for; 104 Highland av., Wollaston Highlands; tel. 1510-M.

RUTLAND ST., 64—Attractive, clean rooms with first-class board, handy Elevated; tel. [illegible]

Furnished Rooms—South End.

BEAUTIFUL parlor and bedroom to let, 2 gentlemen or married couple; steam heat. Apply 377 Columbus av.

COLUMBUS AV., 653—Housekeeping rooms, gas, electric lights, bath flour; $11, elec. $1.50.

EAST SPRINGFIELD ST., 44—Large sunroom, also basement room; suitable for dentist and side.

MASS. AV., 462—Large front parlor, steam heat, large housekeeping room; sides, $1.50 up. Also single room, first floor, rear flight, back, $2.50; side room $7.50.

RUTLAND ST., 10—Front parlor with piano, also kitchen; housekeeping privilege.

SHAWMUT AV., 411—Facing Blackstone Square, two connecting rooms, $3 per week; respectable people only.

UNION PARK, 16—Newly furnished rooms, $1.50, $2, $3; also housekeeping rooms, $3.50 up.

UNION PARK, 18—Sun me for parlors, space rooms; also rooms, $1.25 to $2. F. H. CONSANTINE.

UPTON ST., 11—Parlor, piano, $4-$4.50; also suite, suitable for two, $4. Also parlor, kitchenette, $4.50.

OXFORD ST., 121—Nicely furnished rooms with kitchenette; gas, $3.50-$5.

Furnished Rooms—Malden.

DODGE ST., 38—One large sunny housekeeping room, handy to car lines, $2.75 per week.

Furnished Rooms—Roxbury.

ARE YOU looking for furnished room in Roxbury? Call at the ROXBURY ROOM REGISTRY, 2298 Washington st., tel. 1068 Rox.

CEDAR ST., 1—Cor. Washington st.; two and housekeeping rooms, heated; private family.

COPELAND ST., 5—Suite 7, clean room, steam heat, elec. light, hot water, piano; $2.50.

DALE ST., 35—Furnished room for light housekeeping.

FOREST ST., 11A—Pleasant room with kitchenette, near Dudley terminal. Tel. 681-M Rox.

MORELAND ST., 96—Nicely furnished room; private family; tel. Roxbury 4002-W.

NORFOLK PL., 7—2 rooms, kitchenette for housekeeping; range, sink and bath; $12.

Female Help Wanted.

Experienced Stitchers

FINISHERS and pressers; steady work, good pay. AMES SFG. CO., 62 Summer st.

STITCHERS

GIRLS wanted; stitchers on white duck coats. Apply NATIONAL CLOTHING & APRON SUPPLY CO., 352 A st., cor. Congress.

GIRL WANTED

FOR office work; must be good typewriter. Apply to ACCLUCAS & CO., 261 Hanover st., Boston. Main 4000.

KITCHEN HELP

GIRLS for general kitchen work. DURGIN PARK & CO., 30 No. Market st.

YOUNG WOMAN

WANTED to do housework. Apply H. W. LONGFELLOW CO., Allston, Mass.

GIRLS TO TRAIN AS NURSES, $25 MONTH to start, room, board, washing. HOSPITAL AGENCY, 228 Tremont st., rm. 6.

WAITRESS between 30 and 35 for work in a chemical factory, any nationality, no war room suites, $10 to $14. Apply JANITOR.

WOMEN MACHINISTS wanted. EMERSON APPLIANCE CO., 271 Causeway st.

YOUNG women with some work dressmaking experience to work 3 to 4 days a week. Apply to MISS PIHL, 140 Boylston st.

Female Help—Miscellaneous.

CLERKS at Washington and elsewhere, girls—women, 18 or over, $1,100 to start; examinations Oct. 5; thousands war appointments; common education sufficient; free particulars. AMERICAN INSTITUTE, Dept. 502, Rochester, N. Y.

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NORFOLK PL., 7—2 rooms, kitchenette for housekeeping; range, sink and bath; $12.

FOR OTHER CLASSIFIED ADS. SEE PAGES 7 AND 9.

Female Help Wanted.

LINING MAKERS
TOP STITCHERS
EYELETTERS
CLOSERS
GIRLS TO FILL BOTTOMS
and
INEXPERIENCED GIRLS
For All Branches of Shoe Manufacturing

APPLY

GEO. E. KEITH CO.,
288 A STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

The U. S. Employment Service needs girls and women for the HOOD RUBBER COMPANY, Bigelow Ave., Watertown, Mass. Apply to U. S. Employment Service at 8 Kneeland St. 130 Federal St.

The United States Employment Service needs Girls to Wrap Candy for the George Close Company, 243 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass. Apply to United States Employment Service, 130 Federal st., 53 Canal st., 8 Kneeland st. and on Boston Common.

STOP LOOK LISTEN
100 Stitchers Wanted
100% GOVERNMENT WORK

NOW LISTEN

Highest prices paid. One of the best shops in U. S. and first-class working conditions.

Apply for Instruction

at 200 Columbus Av., Suite 4, Boston, Mass.

MRS. C. B. CROWELL

The United States Employment Service
WANTS IMMEDIATELY
For Metz Company
Waltham, Mass.

Women Stenographers, clerical, and for work in factory on light wood fabrication

Apply at

13 Moody St., Waltham, Mass.

GIRLS WANTED
Experience Not Necessary
Apply to WOOLEY'S LAUNDRY, 197 Condor st., East Boston.

GIRLS WANTED
FEEDERS, folders and shakers. CHARLES BONANNO COAT, APRON & TOWEL SUPPLY CO., 12-18 Foster Wharf, next to Rowe's Wharf.

CHAMBERMAIDS
3 CHAMBERMAIDS. Apply HOTEL COOLIDGE Brookline.

WANTED—Girls to learn to run envelope machines; steady work; good advancement. Apply SAMUEL WARD MFG. CO., 200 Atlantic av., city.

WANTED—Able-bodied women for general factory work inside. Apply in person to T. F. SHANNON, 65 Elm st., No. Woburn, Mass.

WANTED—Woman for kitchen work. NORMANDIE LUNCH, 28 Central st.

GIRLS WANTED
BETWEEN 16 and 20; $10 to start; on mill floor, stitching; government contract. Apply ROSENFIELD & RAPKIN, 446 Broadway, South Boston.

GIRLS
TO inspect cards and printed matter; 48 hours; excellent working conditions; good chance for advancement. BROWN-HOWLAND CO., 37 Wormwood st., 5 minutes from South Station.

PAPER BOXES.
WANTED strippers and starters; good pay. ROYAL PAPER BOX CO., 347 Cambridge st.

DOMESTIC girl, mother's helper or general housework woman wanted. 26 Hawes st., Dorchester. MISS SHERMAN.

MILLINERY makers, good salary, steady position. MISS KENNY, 267 Boylston st.

SUPERIOR help for private families, schools, colleges, hospitals, clubs and hotels. Mrs. Preston. PRESTON EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 6 Boylston st.

Female Help Wanted.

Boston Rubber Shoe Co.
Malden - - Melrose
Massachusetts

NEEDS

WOMEN
For GOVERNMENT WORK and ESSENTIAL WORK

PAID WHILE LEARNING

Best of Wages When Experienced

APPLY TO

Malden or Melrose Plant

GIRLS wanted for light assembly work in clean, modern factory; short hours, good wages. Apply MISS HINES, 4th floor, Wellington Bldg., 112 Shawmut Ave.

WANTED
Experienced DIE STAMPERS
WE HAVE two positions for young women experienced in stamping monogram and address dies on fine stationery.
M. T. LIND & CO.
5 WEST STREET, BOSTON

Fancy Packers
AND
Girls to Learn
Steady position; very good pay to start.
APPLY
Cox Confectionary Co.,
EAST BOSTON.

WANTED
STENOGRAPHER
Apply
Campbell Electric Co.
17 Steward St., Lynn.

BINDERY HELP
GIRLS TO LEARN and EXPERIENCED HELP.
For general work; good wages to start; steady employment.
JOHN WORLEY CO.,
42 STANHOPE ST.

Experienced Packers
Dippers
Hand Stringers
And Girls to Learn.
THE TOURAINE CO., 251 Causeway st.; Employment Department, seventh floor.

WOMEN WANTED
EXPERIENCED or learners, on foot and power presses.
CAMBRIDGE NOVELTY CO.
42 Osborn St., Cambridge

EYELETTERS
TOP STITCHERS
ALSO women and girls to learn; steady work, good pay. MILLAR & WOLFER, Webster av., Chelsea.

Experienced Stitchers
ON LADIES' APRONS; CAN MAKE $15 to $20 PER WEEK. NONE BUT EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. ALSO A FEW YOUNG GIRLS FOR TRIMMING. A. P. POLCY MFG. CO., 28 CHAUNCY ST.

STITCHERS WANTED
ON RAINCOATS. Apply CLIFTON MFG. CO., 65 Brookside av., Jamaica Plain.

GIRLS
SEVERAL girls over 16 for binder experience; steady work; 48 hours; Saturday half holiday; good chance for advancement. BROWN-HOWLAND CO., 37 Wormwood st., 5 minutes from South Station.

LAUNDRY HELP
FEEDERS, folders and shakers wanted; pleasant place to work; good place for girls living in suburbs. HIGHLAND LAUNDRY, 46 Geneva av., near Grove Hall, Dorchester.

GIRLS
WANTED for factory work, 16 to 20 years of age. J. PUSILLE & SON, 5 Sandspit st., off 518 Harrison av.

PAPER BOX MAKERS
EXPERIENCED operators on Lynn stripping machines, and girls over 16 yrs. to learn; steady work. THE HIGHLAND PAPER BOX CO., 35 Beverly st., city.

WOMEN WANTED
FOR delivering and packing of cut or rubber. Apply WESTERN UNION TEL. CO., 180 Congress st., city.

RUSHELLING girl wanted. Apply to M. SHERMAN, Tailor, 64 Huntington av., Boston.

CASHIER and evening waitresses, waitresses from 5:00 to 7:30; cashier all day. GARRISON HALL, 5 Garrison st., Back Bay.

CHORUS GIRLS wanted. FRANK R. JONES THEATRICAL AGENCY, 23 School st., Room 41, Boston, Mass.

GIRL wanted for housekeeping for elderly couple; wages $10. 92 Vernon st., Roxbury.

Male Help Wanted.

United States Employment Service
NEEDS For Government Work
MEN
For Essential Work
APPLY TO
Boston Rubber Shoe Company
Malden - Melrose
OR
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
53 Canal St. Boston Common
128 Federal St. 8 Kneeland St.
MASSACHUSETTS

The U. S. Employment Service
WANTS IMMEDIATELY
FOR **METZ COMPANY** WALTHAM, MASS.
50 Sheet Metal Workers
10 Tool Makers
3 Acme Automatic Screw Machine Hands
20 Cabinet Makers and Carpenters with light kit of tools
8 Variety Moulders
6 Inspectors on Tools and Fixtures
6 Experienced Drill Hands
6 Inspectors on Wood Fabrication
Bright young men to learn Upholstering.
APPLY AT
13 Moody St., Waltham, Mass.

HELP WANTED
FOR GOVERNMENT WORK
50 TOOL MAKERS
50 MACHINISTS
25 THREAD GAUGE MAKERS
49 hours per week with plenty of overtime. First-class help for which we are willing to pay high-grade wages.
WEST & DODGE CO. 22 PARKMAN STREET, Brighton District, Boston, Mass.
Near Fanuil Station, 10 Minutes Ride from So. Station, B. & A. R. R.

WANTED AT ONCE
SHIPYARD WORKERS
MACHINISTS, ALL KINDS
BOILER MAKERS
ELECTRICIANS
LABORERS
ACETYLENE OPERATORS
RIGGERS
APPLY AT
BOSTON COMMON,
8 KNEELAND ST.,
53 CANAL ST., also
128 FEDERAL ST.,
—OR—
Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp., Ltd.,
FORE RIVER PLANT
Quincy, Mass.

HEEL SHAVERS
ON
ULTIMA HEEL SHAVER
APPLY
George E. Keith Co.,
288 A Street, Boston, Mass.

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4 TOOL MEN
4 MACHINISTS
BEST WAGES
Randall-Faichney Co., Inc.
76 ATHERTON STREET,
JAMAICA PLAIN.

SPREADERS
WE have two very good permanent openings for experienced rubber spreaders; also for men experienced in cloth willing to learn rubber spreading. CAMBRIDGE RUBBER CO., 765 Main st., Cambridge.

CUTTERS WANTED
ON uniform clothing; government contract. Apply ROSENFIELD & RAPKIN, 446 Broadway, South Boston.

PICTURE SALESMAN
WANTED, steady position; good salary. Apply B. KABATZNICK, 404 Boylston st., city.

PICTURE FITTER
WANTED; experienced, steady position; good salary. Apply B. KABATZNICK, 404 Boylston st., city.

MAN DISHWASHER
GOOD PAY.
Call at 12 A. M.
WYMAN'S, 42 Hanover St.

LAUNDRY HELP
WANTED on curtain work—first-class; good pay; steady work. Apply METROPOLITAN LAUNDRY, 99 Spring st., Watertown.

TEAMSTERS
WANTED for wholesale grocery. Apply 58-60 Billings st.

JOB PRESSFEEDER
GOOD working conditions. $18 per week to a good man. THE STERSON PRESS, 160 Fort Hill sq.

DENTAL mechanics on plate work; good pay. THE BOSTON CROWN CO., 120 Boylston st., Boston.

GENTLEMAN to run an elevator in apartment house. HOTEL ILSLEY, 176 Hunting ton av.

Male Help Wanted.

Goodyear Welters
Inseam Trimmers
APPLY
French, Shriner & Urner
63 MELCHER ST.

Hobnailers on United States Army Shoes
Our men earn big wages.
APPLY TO
CHAS. A. EATON CO.,
Brockton, Mass.

WANTED—A good, reliable man for sub-contracting on local and long-distance hauling by motor trucks. A man who can invest $7,000 with guaranteed security is earn $4,000 per year; preferably one who has had experience in this line of work.
The Owners' Transportation Co.
1100 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston
Phone Brookline 1206

Experienced Joiners
SHIP CARPENTERS OR OUTSIDE JOINERS
WANTED on essential government work, highest wages and plenty of overtime. Apply to F. H. BORDEN, Baker Yacht Basin, Quincy, Mass.

Night Watchman
WITH second-class fireman's license; apply at once. CAMBRIDGE RUBBER CO., 765 Main st., Cambridge.

Painters Union No. 11
REGULAR meeting cancelled until ban on halls is lifted. Send dues, money order or check to financial secretary, D. McGUIRE, 1 Pemberton sq.

COOKS WANTED
EXPERIENCED, for diary lunch. Apply to MANAGER, 245 or 608 Washington st., city.

FIREMAN WANTED.
$24 WEEK. No license required. Apply CHIEF ENGINEER, Boston State Hospital, Forest Hills.

Wanted—Auto Mechanic
BEST wages. Apply to MR. FRODICK, PROCTOR PIERCE, Inc., 336 Newbury st., Boston, Mass.

FISH CURERS
APPLY W. A. RAY, 139 First st., South Boston.

PAPER BOXES
ENDER AND SCORER, good pay. ROYAL PAPER BOX CO., 347 Cambridge st.

LABORERS
WANTED, Apply PALMER & PARKER CO., 100 Medford st., Charlestown.

CARPENTER WANTED
PERMANENT position, $35 week, straight time; 161 Back Bay Exp.

NIGHT WATCHMAN
WITH Stream's Dress. Apply METROPOLITAN LAUNDRY, 99 Spring st., Watertown.

GRAVEL DIGGERS and helpers, union men. 703 Harrison av.

Male Help Wanted.

The U. S. Employment Service needs men for the HOOD RUBBER COMPANY Bigelow Ave., Watertown, Mass. Apply to U. S. Employment Service 128 Federal St., 53 Canal St. Boston Common 8 Kneeland St.

LABORERS WANTED
By U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
For W. A. & H. A. Root, Inc.
On Gillette Safety Razor Company Job at West Second St., So. Boston
Steady work and good pay
Apply to U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
53 Canal Street — 128 Federal Street
8 Kneeland Street — Boston Common

The U. S. Employment Service
WANTS
HELPERS
AND
LABORERS
FOR THE
Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp., Ltd.,
Fore River Plant
Quincy, Mass.
APPLY AT
BOSTON COMMON,
8 KNEELAND ST.,
53 CANAL ST., also
128 FEDERAL ST.

WANTED
ON
U. S. ARMY SHOES
GOODYEAR STITCHERS
INSEAM TRIMMERS
HAND INSOLE TACKERS
HERCULES LEVELERS
HEEL SHAVERS
HEEL SCOURERS
HOB NAILERS
COBBLERS
STEADY WORK
L. Q. WHITE SHOE COMPANY
Bridgewater, Mass.

WANTED
TWO STRONG BOYS
To Learn the
Plate Printing Trade
M. T. BIRD & CO.
5 West Street, Boston

Window Cleaners
Wanted for office work. Apply A. H. PARKER, General Supt., Room 822, Kimball Building

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REPAIR MEN AND NIGHT MEN
ON ELECTRIC TRUCKS. APPLY SUPPLY O. R. LIPPHARDT, AMERICAN RAILWAY EXPRESS, NORTH TERMINAL GARAGE, IN NORTH STATION, CORNER MINOT AND NASHUA STS., POWDER TRACK 2.

WINDOW CLEANERS
TWO experienced window cleaners; good pay to good cleaners; white men only. Apply RELIABLE CLEANING CO., 123 Summer st., city.

TAILORS WANTED
EXPERIENCED on bushelling and altering ladies' and gents' garments. E. M. MORSE, 110 Washington st., Brookline.

FISH CUTTERS
WANTED—2 fish cutters; experienced, with references. G. F. STODDES, 174 Friend st., city.

STABLE MAN
TO TAKE care of horses; good wages. Apply MARSHALL'S STABLES, 261 Warren st., Roxbury.

HALL BOYS
OVER 17 years of age, light work, good pay; meals. Apply 2 Commonwealth av., rear.

CHAUFFEUR
TO operate a 5½ ton electrical truck. Good pay to the right man. Helper wanted also, $18 per week. See MR. BANNISTER, 386 W First st., So. Boston.

HOSPITAL ATTENDANTS
$80 MO. to start, room, board, washing. HOSPITAL AGENCY, 220 Tremont st., rm. 5.

LAWYER, experienced in bookkeeping and typewriting, for a business office; state qualifications and salary. Box 22, East Cambridge.

SHOPMEN
Car Cleaners
The War Labor Board at Washington has just awarded
HIGHER WAGES
to employees of the Boston Elevated Railway Co.

The company needs more men for nearly all kinds of railway work. For immediate employment at good wages in an

Essential Industry

Apply to Supt. of Employment, Dudley-St. Terminal Station, Boston, 8 to 11 A. M., or the company's representative at the U. S. War Employment Bureau, 53 Canal St., Boston, between 8:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

WANTED
Experienced Weavers
On Khaki and Piece Dyes
Apply
AETNA MILLS
Watertown, Mass.

WANTED
France & Canada Stockyards, Watertown, Mass.
25 Men to Work on British Government Horses.

BOYS WANTED
WE can use several good appearing boys under 18 years of age to learn the auto repairing trade; good pay and steady work. Apply MR. MAGEE, 1000 Harrison av., Boston.

Wanted—Quarrymen
STEADY employment and good wages. Apply to FALCONER & CO., 140 Water st., Quincy Adams, Quincy, Mass.

Steamfitters
Apply to BURRELL & CO., 24 Union Park st., Boston.

LAUNDRY HELP
WANTED—Experienced ironing man; also man to learn; short hours; good pay. Call WHITE CROSS LAUNDRY, 334 Cedar st., Somerville.

BOY WANTED
TOY errands and general work; must be 16 years old. M. C. BIRD & CO., 5 West st., Boston.

BOYS WANTED
APPLY WESTERN UNION TEL. CO., 180 Congress st., rear entrance.

CARPENTERS
APPLY MR. THOMAS, floors at 4:30, FORD RIVER WORKS.

JOURNEYMEN ELECTRICIANS and helpers. SAMPSON & ALLEN, 434 Union st., Lynn, Mass.

MEN WANTED
FOR manufacturing experienced WESTERN UNION TEL. CO., 180 Congress st., rear entrance.

MEN wanted for general warehouse work and shipping. Apply to JOHN H. STEVENS & CO., 795 Mass. av., Cambridge, Mass.

RETIRED SOLDIERS WANTED between the ages of 45 and 50 as messengers. Apply between 9 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. to Employment Superintendent's Office, Room 1, Custom House, Boston.

LABOR WANTED—Steady work. 1415 Commonwealth av.

WANTED—Men from Workers for inside work. PURITAN IRON WORKS, 110 Cortland st., Boston.

WANTED—Bushelman at 1228 Commonwealth av., Allston.

WANTED—Tinsmith. Apply W. J. C. YELLO, 178 Washington st., Brookline.

Male Help Wanted.

Conductors
Motormen
Brakemen
The War Labor Board at Washington has just awarded
HIGHER WAGES
to employees of the Boston Elevated Railway Co.

Men between 18 and 50 wanted immediately for car service. This is an

Essential Industry

Apply to Supt. of Employment, Dudley-St. Terminal Station, Boston, 8 to 11 A. M., or the company's representative at the U. S. War Employment Bureau, 53 Canal St., Boston, between 8:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

PAPER BOX MAKERS WANTED
Experienced Ender
BIG PAY
Apply to
F. H. ROBERTS CO.
Garrison St., Boston
Box Dept.

INSPECTORS
ON TOOL AND GAUGE WORK
ESSENTIAL
SEE MR. TREVITHICK.
WILTON TOOL MFG. CO.
84 LINDEN PARK ST., ROXBURY.

FOREMAN WANTED
for one of our assembly departments; must understand blueprints thoroughly and be able to handle men. State age, salary and when available. Address Box P 191, Boston American.

MAN WANTED
NOT subject to draft, as packing and shipping clerk. Apply CAMBRIDGE NOVELTY CO., 42 Osborn St., Cambridge.

SHOE REPAIRERS
3 first-class bench men; also man to run Goodyear outfit; good wages, steady work. 735 Dudley st., Dorchester; tel. 3870-J.

N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.
BEAUTIFUL SHOPS. Freight car repairers, machinists, boilermakers, blacksmiths, helpers; electric inspectors and inspector; Diesel Engine men; boilers, acetylene inspectors and repairmen; boiler makers and laborers; Branch Passenger Yards; car cleaners; Hull Street Passenger Yard; car cleaners; boilermakers, machinists; gate tenders; signal repairmen; blacksmiths and helpers; hammer men; boiler makers and helpers; car repairers; carpenters; laborers. Apply to EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 1 Dewey sq., Boston.

MOULDERS WANTED
Core Makers and Moulders
Apply Waltham Foundry Co.
74 Felton St., Waltham.

Auto Body Builders
WANTED at once on essential work. Rotary or sliding doors. Apply to JOHN SCHMIDT & SON, 1 Bacon st., Auburndale.

TEN MEN WANTED
TO drive up carts and package teams, good pay, steady work. E. J. McHUGH, 944 Saratoga st., E. B.

SEVERAL men for general work in printing office; good salary and opportunity for advancement. WORCESTER PRESS, 261 Dorchester st., Boston.

Furniture.
WANTED—Furniture and pianos for 4 three-room suits; good stuff only. J. SUMNER ANDREW, 209 Huntington av., tel. 3700 B. B.

DEATHS

AHERN—In Roxbury, Oct. 3, Jeremiah, beloved son of Jeremiah J. and Margaret Ahern. Funeral from his late residence, 48 Claybourne st., Roxbury, Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 8:30 a. m., thence to St. Patrick's church, Quincy papers please copy.

ARNOTT—In East Boston, Oct. 6, Alice F. Arnott. Funeral from residence of Mrs. Powell, 207 Meridian st., East Boston, Tuesday, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment private.

CLARE—In Quincy, Oct. 6, Alice F., beloved wife of Walter Clare (late Senator). Funeral from her late residence, 261 Granite st., Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 8 a. m., thence to St. Mary's church, Quincy. Quincy papers please copy.

HUGHES—In Roxbury, Oct. 6, Hannora B. Hughes, beloved widow of the late George Hughes and mother of George T. and Albert E. Hughes.

Funeral from the residence of her son, Albert E. Hughes, 209 Highland av., Somerville, Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 8:15. Requiem high mass at St. Catherine's Church at 9 o'clock.

RAYMOND—At Camp Stewart, Newport News, Va., Oct. 1, George A. Raymond, 26, beloved son of Mary E. and the late Sanford Raymond of Revere. Funeral from undertaking establishment of Thomas F. Hill, Everett, Mass., Tuesday, Oct. 8, at 2 p. m. Interment at Mount Cross Cemetery. Funeral private. Automobile cortege.

FOR OTHER CLASSIFIED ADS. SEE PAGES 7 AND 8.

Efficiency of Public and Private Management

"How can you expect," writes an anonymous critic of the AMERICAN'S advocacy of public ownership and operation of public utilities, "that public management of industrial enterprises can ever be as efficient as private management? Do not all the leading economists agree that 'the owner's eye' gives an advantage that no business conducted by hired servants can hope to overcome?"

This is the stock argument by which the political economists of a generation ago defended the now exploded doctrine of the "Laissez Faire," and it goes to show better than almost any other illustration how impossible it is for the brightest minds to forecast correctly the workings of known economic forces under future conditions which their own age has neither experienced nor foreseen. They wrote before the day of gigantic combinations in business and industry, and they believed that such combinations could never be successful, because they supposed that as soon as any business should grow so large that no single intellect could oversee and manage all its details, and as soon as these details must therefore be left to hired servants, small competitors would be able to undersell the overgrown one and drive it from the field by virtue of the economic advantage of the "owner's eye."

The closing decades of the nineteenth century proved beyond further controversy that this confident prediction was a colossal mistake. So far from the small fry of commerce and industry being able to starve out the big fish of the business pool, they themselves have been swallowed up one after another in short order, until today the control of nearly every leading industry except agriculture, and of important branches even of that, is in the hands of one or a few great private corporations, which are themselves subject to the irresponsible dictatorship of a few gigantic figures in the world of finance. The ambitious young man conscious of business ability no longer, as a rule, looks forward to setting up in business for himself on a small but expanding scale. He seeks a connection with some great corporation, hoping to rise to high-salaried managerial positions by promotions earned through zeal and efficiency in the tasks successively committed to his care.

It is surprising, in the light of present day experience, that it should ever have been imagined that the incentive of individual ambition was inseparable from small-scale private ownership, however important to business success that incentive may be. Reputation, power and wealth are the prizes to which the ambitious young man of business aspires, and these prizes are quite as easily, and far more often, to be won as Charles M. Schwab has won them, by earning promotion step by step in the service of a great corporation, as by the individualistic methods of exceptional men like Henry Ford. The old economists relied upon "the individual incentive," which they supposed small business only could afford, to offset the known economies of large-scale production and distribution, but they were wrong. Big business, as we all now know, can offer to individual ambition more glittering prizes than any that the old world of small, independent enterprises ever had to bestow, and by the offer can and often does command the highest managerial efficiency in the subordinate departments of business organizations of unlimited complexity and unlimited size. Experience has now taught us that BIG business is MORE instead of LESS efficient than LITTLE business. It is fast teaching us also that in CERTAIN LINES OF BIG BUSINESS PUBLIC MANAGEMENT IS MORE EFFICIENT THAN PRIVATE MANAGEMENT.

In the field of the public utilities the small, independent competitor is, of course, out of the question. Unification of management—monopoly of supply—is in this field always important and often indispensable, and the practical question lies between private monopoly in the interests of a few and public monopoly in the interests of all alike. So far as the individual incentive is concerned the service of a great private corporation supplying a public utility has one and only one advantage over the public service, and that is the doubtful advantage of the bigger salaries paid to a few of the men highest on the salary list. Over against this seeming advantage must be offset the knowledge of every employe of these private corporations that as a rule the big prizes are awarded less on the basis of proven managerial ability than because of some personal, financial or political "pull" which the recipient is supposed to possess. The biggest plums of all go to corporation counsel and lobbyists who have nothing to do with details of management, and to "high finance" gentlemen, who know little about business management as a hog about guapowder. Even in subordinate positions proven ability is not the surest winning card. The PUBLIC manager of a public utility, if he wishes to hold his job, MUST show efficiency in the service, and to secure it must base the assignment and promotion of his subordinates on proved efficiency. The private manager of a public utility can and often does award the big salaries to figureheads whose duties are really performed by moderately paid understudies, because it is more important to the manager to gratify some relative or patron of the favored employe in the Legislature, at City Hall or in the realms of high finance than to make the best possible showing of economy and efficiency in his department.

So much for reasons why the publicly-managed public utilities OUGHT to command as high a degree of managerial ability as the ...ing private corporations can command. Now for a few illustrations to show that IN PRACTICE it is private management and not public management that suffers by comparison of results.

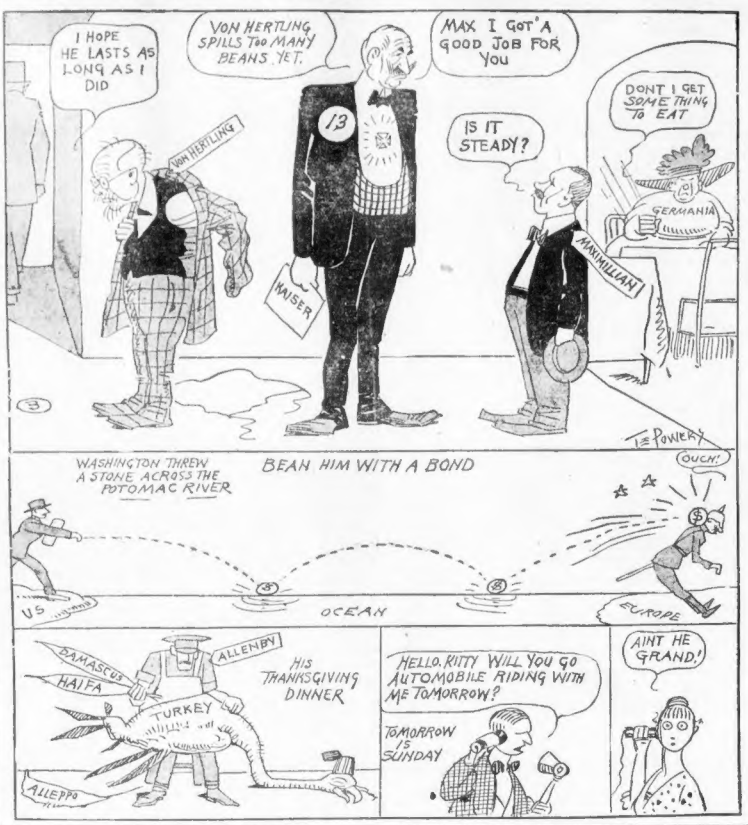
The Edison Electric is a corporation that possesses all the advantages of large-scale manufacture, large-scale distribution, and monopoly rates, and yet, though charging 20 per cent., 50 per cent., even up to 300 per cent. more for the same service than comparatively small public lighting plants find it necessary to charge, it earns dividends of only 8 per cent. The city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, believing that it could do better for its citizens than the Edison seemed able to do, in 1909 established its own public electric plant to light its streets and supply its people with electricity for light and power, and the public plant at once cut the standard Edison rate of 10 cents per kilowatt hour to 8 cents (a cut which the private company was, of course, forced to meet), THUS SAVING ALL THE CITIZENS ONE-FIFTH OF THEIR ANNUAL LIGHT AND POWER BILLS.

In 1914, the public plant reduced the rate once more, this time to 7 cents, and the private company again had to follow suit. Two years later, in 1916, the profits of the public plant warranted a third reduction to 6 cents, but at this point the private company appealed to the Public Service Commission of Indiana to forbid the reduction, and has managed ever since to prevent the commission from approving the reduction or even hearing the case, so that in their last annual report the managers of the public plant are obliged to tell their fellow-citizens that ALTHOUGH THE EARNINGS OF THE PLANT FULLY JUS... THE SIX-CENT RATE the people of Fort Wayne cannot have it unless and until they force the hand of the commission and secure a ruling on the case.

This is no isolated instance, but the whole trend of the experience of public lighting plants, here and abroad, tells the same story of the inability of private gas and electric corporations, staggering as most of them are under a load of watered securities, to compete with the public plants which have no such handicap. In Massachusetts, where the law requires such corporations, public as well as private, to file sworn statements of condition every year, there are thirty-nine public lighting plants, all of which charge less than private plants operating under comparable conditions. Of these, all but three earned last year, above operating expenses, interest, depreciation charges and allowance for the taxes which they would have paid in private hands, profits totalling $305,212, while the losses of the three plants which on this basis of computation showed any loss at all amounted in the aggregate to only $2,076. On the other hand, twenty-seven PRIVATE lighting plants in Massachusetts showed losses amounting in the aggregate to $246,707. And although the thirty-six profit-showing public plants charged only 9 cents for light and 5½ cents for power, against the Edison charges of 10 cents for light and 12 cents for power, seven of the thirty-six showed profits above 10 per cent. on the capital invested, and one showed 15.9 per cent.

Such are the results of public ownership and management of public utilities in communities intelligent and progressive enough to adopt it. They can be assured always and everywhere, for if in any case the public managers fail to reach a high standard of efficiency the people can dismiss them and choose abler or more faithful public servants in their place. But for private managers who satisfy their private employers public opinion has few terrors, and over them the public can exercise no effective control.

The Servant Problem -:- -:- By T. E. Powers



Tribute to a True Patriot

By Colonel Albert S. Williams, U. S. A.

Chief of Staff of the Department of the Northeast

WHEN a business man gives up everything to serve his country in times of war, he challenges attention. When a young man with a large salary looks longer at his duty to his country than to the making of more money, he is bound to win admiration.

Captain William M. Bunting, late personnel officer in the office of the adjutant at Camp Devens, is numbered with these men. He died only a week ago of influenza.

When he was with us in the War Risk Insurance Department, we felt we had met a man whose sense of patriotic duty inspired every piece of work he did. Everyone thought a good deal of him. No one ever came in contact with him without being enriched with his fidelity to duty and his love of country. He was such a true patriot.

We hated to part with him when he left the Department of the Northeast. But duty called him to Camp Devens. He went. The same loyalty to work for his country and the same steadfastness to high principle that actuated him in the War Risk Insurance Department was shown there.

He was a Boston man, full of Boston's traditions and full of the forefathers' spirit, just what we want a young man to be in these days.

Captain Bunting is a noble example to the younger generation of business men in Boston. He left all to serve his country. That's what I call true patriotism. He will be long remembered. When we want to think of something to inspire us to high duties in this war, we will pause and think of Captain Bunting and of his willingness to serve.

The trail of his patriotic light is still shining and will continue to shine in the Department of the Northeast.

Ye TOWNE GOSSIP

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

By K. C. B.

TWENTY-TWO YEARS ago.
ON OCTOBER 5.
WHICH WAS a Monday.
INSTEAD OF Saturday.
I WAS a young man.
WITH FIFTEEN dollars a week.
AND A prospect.
OF GETTING eighteen.
WITHIN A year.
AND SOME time before.
I HAD said something.
ABOUT MY prospects.
TO A young lady.
AND IT must have been.
THAT I told it well.
BECAUSE THE young lady.
BELIEVED IT all.
AND BESIDES that.
WE WERE both sure.
THAT WILLIAM J. Bryan.
WAS GOING to be elected.
ON THE next November.
AND THAT after that.
WE'D HAVE free silver.
AND GOOD times.
AND SO it happened.
THAT ON October 5.
IN 1896.
I UNDERTOOK to prove.
THAT TWO persons.
COULD LIVE as well.
ON FIFTEEN a week.
AS ONE.
AND I had to do it.
BECAUSE WILLIAM J. Bryan.
HE THREW us down.
AND WENT back to Nebraska.
WITH HIS crown of thorns.
AND CROSS of gold.
AND THE worst of it was.
I HAD a little bet.
THAT HE'D be elected.
AND WAS figuring on it.
FOR ONE instalment.
TO THE furniture man.
AND IT took me months.
TO GET even again.
BUT ANYWAY.
WE WEATHERED the storm.
AND STARTED our trip.
DOWN THROUGH the years.
AND ON some of the years.
THE ROADS were smooth.
AND WHAT hills there were.
WERE EASY hills.
AND ON other years.
THE ROADS were rough.
AND ONCE or twice.
IT ALMOST seemed.
THAT THE hill ahead.
WAS SO very steep.
THAT I must give up.
AND THEN it was.
THAT THE hand I held.
HELD TIGHTER to mine.
AND THE strength it had.
BECAME MY strength.
AND SO it was.
THAT WE'D reach the top.
AND JUST for today.
I'VE BORROWED these lines.
TO PUT it down.
THAT TWO may live.
WHERE ONE might die.

I THANK you.

THE OLD GEEK THE APPLE AND THE BOND

By Charles H. Bunting

With Apologies to George Ade and G. T. McCutcheon for the Style, and Apologies to Nobody for the Facts.

ONCE upon a time there was an Old Geek who conducted a Home for Nervous Nickels. had a Side-Line of gilt-edged stocks in assorted sizes, and knew more about Bonds, Debentures, Mortgages and Compound Interest than the men who invented them. He also maintained a staff of fifty-seven varieties of clerks to figure out his Income Tax and was one of the Chief Ingredients in the Local Stew.

There was only one nick in the Old Chap's Safety Razor—he couldn't for the life of him understand why everybody else didn't know all the ropes on the good bark Finance as well as he did.

Now the Old Geek had an Apple of his Eye and it gave every indication of being Some Pippin. Why not get it a Baby Loan Bond and let it learn for its Ownself how the wheels went 'round?

So on Saturday morning the Old Geek and The Apple hiked down to the village Home for Infirm Dollars and declared their intentions of supporting these United States to the further extent of $50 at the rate of one Buck per week. When they got that far the old boy handed the lines over to the Apple and said it was up to Her to keep the Cart from upsetting.

Nature of Bond

After She'd signed her Name on the dotted Line and drawn one Card the Old Geek climbed up on the Seat and handed out a short lecture on the Life, Habits and Nature of a Bond—particularly a Liberty Bond. He Exhorted at some length and explained the Security behind a Bond, the reason for and the rate of Interest, that the little Tickets or coupons at the bottom weren't good at the Movies but would bring Real coin at the Bank, and that if She ever had to have Cash real quick that any Bond House or any Bank from Pumpkin Corner, Maine, to La Paloma, California, would give her real Shekels for a Bond, but that she must never sell this Bond because Uncle Sam needed the money to kill the germ in Germany.

Then he got a Strangle-Hold on the Vox Populi Stop on his Organ and played the whole Patriotic Medley from War Bread to Whale Steak. He spent little Apple's Coin several ways at once. He even worked Statistics on the Poor Kid and showed her how each Buck would pay for a little better than fourteen cartridges for Brother Ed's Army Rifle, or if she wanted to spend the while fifty in one place She could take ten cracks at Fritz with a 3.2-inch Field-Piece. Then he told Her how they lived like Real Folks in This Man's Army and had Food and everything for Breakfast and Little Apple had Visions of her Fifty made into a Batch of Tea Biscuit reaching from Here to Berlin.

Every Saturday she led an Expeditionary Force to the Home of Capital and punched up One Bean. She was so regular that the neighbors got to setting their Calendars by her. And when it came to Catching the Coin she made a By-Products Plant look like a Spendthrift. She never missed a Bet. She'd walk a mile for a Cent or work all day for a Dime. Revenue was the Only Thing in her Young Life and she didn't care any more for Overhead or Operating Expense than a Promoter.

Object Lesson

And now came the chance for Object Lesson No. 2. About the time that the Shipping Clerks in the Banks began to get familiar with the appearance of an Interest Coupon from the First Loan the Old Geek took his trusty Scissors and snipped coupon Number One off a couple of $100 Liberty Bonds he had hid away. These, with Four Bits or a Half a Plunk in real coin had a face value of $4. Little Apple took the Bundle to the wicket—and there was the war shortened by another bit. She Knew then that those Coupons were the same as Coin and she'd learned it better than a Course of ten Lectures could have taught her.

Moral—As the twig is bent the tree is inclined and a Bank is just as convenient to enter as a Saloon and usually more profitable.

TODAY

Income Tax Stops Suddenly. That Ought to Puzzle You. A Premium on Small Families. Explosions in Your Nerves.

—By Arthur Brisbane

Have you observed this interesting fact in the income tax and asked yourself why?

If a man has ten thousand dollars income he pays a certain percentage of income tax. If he has twenty thousand he pays a great deal more.

If he has a hundred thousand he pays still more in proportion.

It goes increasing rapidly up to five million dollars.

When it gets to five million dollars, it STOPS. No increase after that.

WHY? Many of our prosperous, hard-working citizens would consider an income of five millions a year as small and inadequate.

Some have ten, some twenty-five millions of annual income.

At least one citizen has a hundred million dollars of income a year, or more.

There should be no individual class or hostility to any man, no matter what his fortune, if legally acquired.

But why should the increase in the rate of taxation stop at five millions when there are many incomes far above five millions?

If a man worth twenty thousand a year can afford to pay tax, proportionately, much higher than the man worth ten thousand a year, can't the man worth twenty or a hundred million a year afford to be taxed much more heavily, proportionately, than the man who is struggling along with five millions a year?

Do our democratic statesmen, leading pure, simple lives, look upon these gigantic fortunes as the astronomers look upon the distant fixed stars, so far away, so emilly respectable, so big anyhow, that a difference of a few millions or billions makes no difference? If so, they should learn to think and TAX in billions. It's the fashion.

Scientists say that a mixture of liquid hydrogen and liquid ozone if perfected would have an explosive force three times as great as that of nitro-glycerine "and would be the most terrible substance on earth."

It is possible that exactly such explosions on a minute scale go on within your body at the end of a nerve every time you exert yourself physically.

Every touch of the typewriter's fingers on the keys, as scientists tell, means an actual explosion at the end of an efferent nerve—that is to say, the nerve carrying orders FROM the brain to the muscles.

Hydrozen and ozone play the most important part in your make-up. Your body is more than three-quarters water, the water is two-thirds hydrogen and one-third oxygen. In your lungs more oxygen from the air is constantly purifying the blood, and the ozone is the strength that you find in the oxygen.

Nature in the glow-worm produces light without heat, superior to anything that man can produce. Perhaps nature within living beings produces by a mixture of ozone and hydrogen tiny explosions more powerful than explosions of nitro-glycerine.

An interesting possibility. Let's hope science in America will perfect the hydrosen-ozone explosives in time to let our flying machines show Berlin how the thing works. Hydrogen and ozone would make very appropriate Prussian purifiers.

The woman street car conductor is interesting and efficient. You see her on the crowded cars in many American cities, with a masculine cap at one end, and little shoes with high heels at the other.

She has a khaki skirt and over it a ready-made purple cloak, with too many pockets—probably sewed up—and six to ten buttons on each pocket. She is a working citizen with rudimentary frivolities not eliminated, like the little hip bones in a whale's skeleton.

But she is making two dollars a day or more, and she is, of course, a good influence wherever she goes. Woman always is a good influence. If civilization can't or won't permit it possible for her to make a living elsewhere, she shows common sense in staying with the crowd, instead of starving in private.

Let it be remembered, however, that this nation is putting a premium on the small family, or no family.

Where husband and wife can earn five dollars or six dollars a day between them for unskilled work, both working, they can live well. The arrival of a child would cut the income in two, keeping the mother at home and adding to the expenses.

Look out now for small families or no children, and at a time when young men are to be killed off and babies are needed. Sad that the famous "law of supply and demand" should put a financial premium on childlessness.